

COMPANIES ACTS, 2014

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF

EQTEC PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

**AS ADOPTED BY SPECIAL RESOLUTION ON THE 648th DAY OF AUGUST
DECEMBER 2024**

1. The name of the company is **EQTEC Public Limited Company**.
2. The Company is a public limited company, registered under Part 17 of the Companies Act, 2014.
3. The objects for which the Company is established are:
 - 3.1 To acquire the entire issued share capital of Kedco Block Holdings Limited (registered number 399166) and to carry on the business of a holding company and to acquire and hold controlling and other interests in the share or loan capital of any company or companies and to co-ordinate the administration, finances and activities of the subsidiary companies of the Company, to do all lawful acts and things whatever that are necessary or convenient in carrying on the business of such a holding company and in particular to carry on in all its branches the business of a management and servicing company, to act as manager and to direct or co-ordinate the management of other companies or of the business, property and estates of corporations, private persons or companies and to undertake and carry out all such services in connection therewith as may be deemed expedient and to exercise its powers as a controlling shareholder of other companies.
 - 3.2 To acquire any such securities or investments as aforesaid by original Subscription, tender, syndicate, participation, purchase, exchange, or otherwise, and whether or not fully paid up, and to make payments thereon as called up, or in advance of calls, or otherwise to acquire any such securities or investments in excess of the moneys for the time being proposed to be invested and to hold sell or otherwise dispose of any excess thereof, to subscribe for the same either conditionally or otherwise, and generally to sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of, or turn to account any of the assets of the Company or any securities or investments of the Company acquired or agreed so to be, and to invest in or to acquire by repurchase or otherwise any securities or investments of the kind before enumerated and to vary the securities and investments of the Company from time to time.
 - 3.3 To carry on any other business including, without limitation, any form of energy, power or heat or related business (whether manufacturing, services or otherwise) and enter into any commercial or other transactions in connection therewith which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently

carried on in connection with the above, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the Company's property or rights.

- 3.4 To acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the Company.
- 3.5 To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to the objects of the Company.
- 3.6 To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets d'invention, licenses, concessions and the like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the Company or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the Company, and to use, exercise, develop, or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired.
- 3.7 To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint venture, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the Company is authorised to carry on or engage in or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the Company.
- 3.8 To purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire shares and securities of the Company, and to sell, hold, reissue, transfer or otherwise deal with the same.
- 3.9 To enter into any arrangements with any Governments or authorities, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such Government or authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the Company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions.
- 3.10 To establish or support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts, and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex employees of the Company or its predecessors in business, or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances and to do any acts or things or make any arrangements or provisions enabling employees of the Company or other persons aforesaid to become shareholders or depositors in the Company, or otherwise to participate in the profits of the Company, upon such terms and in such manner as the Company thinks fit and to make payments towards insurance and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public general or useful object or any other object whatsoever which the Company may think advisable.

- 3.11 To establish, contribute to and operate any scheme or schemes for the Subscription or acquisition in any other way of shares in the Company by officers and employees of the Company or of any subsidiaries or associated companies thereof or for their benefit by trustees of schemes and to lend or otherwise provide money to such officers and employees or to the trustees of such schemes to enable them to subscribe or otherwise acquire such shares.
- 3.12 To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of this Company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this Company.
- 3.13 To acquire by purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise lands, buildings, and hereditaments of any tenure or description for any estate or interest and any rights over or connected therewith and to turn the same to account as may seem expedient.
- 3.14 Generally to purchase, take on lease or in exchange hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property and any rights or privileges which the Company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business.
- 3.15 To develop and turn to account any land acquired by the Company, or in which it is interested, and in particular by laying out and preparing the same for building purposes, constructing, altering, pulling down, decorating maintaining, fitting up and improving buildings and conveniences, and by planting, paving, draining, farming, cultivating, letting on building lease or building agreement, and by advancing money to and entering into contracts and arrangements of all kinds with builders, tenants and others.
- 3.16 To construct, maintain and alter any buildings or works necessary or convenient for any of the purposes of the Company or for the benefit of its employees.
- 3.17 To construct, improve, maintain, develop, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, tramways, railways, branches, or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, heat and power facilities of all kinds, electric works, shops, stores, and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the Company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidies or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof.
- 3.18 To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- 3.19 To engage in currency exchange, interest rate and/or commodity or index linked transactions (whether in connection with or incidental to any other contract, undertaking or business entered into or carried on by the Company or whether as an independent object or activity) including, but not limited to, dealings in foreign currency, spot and forward rate exchange contracts, futures, options, forward rate agreements, swaps, caps, floors, collars,

commodity or index linked swaps and any other foreign exchange, interest rate or commodity or index linked arrangements and such other instruments as are similar to or derive from any of the foregoing whether for the purpose of making a profit or avoiding a loss or managing a currency or interest rate exposure or any other purpose and to enter into any contract for and to exercise and enforce all rights and powers conferred by or incidental, directly or indirectly, to such transactions or termination of any such transactions.

- 3.20 To act as a finance company and to lend and advance money or give credit to, or otherwise finance the operation or undertaking of any company, corporation, firm or person of whatever nature and wheresoever constituted or carrying on business, either with or without security, and upon such terms as may seem expedient, and to give guarantees or become surety for any liabilities or obligations (present or future) of any persons or companies and generally to give any guarantees, indemnities and security on such terms and conditions as the Company may think fit.
- 3.21 To guarantee, support or secure, whether by personal covenant or by mortgaging or charging all or any part of the undertaking, property and assets (present and future) and uncalled capital of the Company, or by both such methods, the performance of the obligations of and the repayment or payment of the principal amounts of and premiums, interest and dividends on any securities, including any security denominated or repayable in a currency other than the currency of the State, of any person, firm or company, including (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) any company which is for the time being the Company's holding company as defined by Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2014, or another subsidiary as defined by the said Section of the Company's holding company or otherwise associated with the Company in business.
- 3.22 To borrow or raise or secure the payment of money, including any money in a currency other than the currency of the State, in such manner as the Company shall think fit, and in particular by the issue of debentures or debenture stock, perpetual or otherwise, charged upon all or any of the Company's property, both present or future, including its uncalled capital, and to purchase, redeem or payoff any such securities.
- 3.23 Subject to and in accordance with due compliance with the provisions of Section 82 of the Companies Act, 2014 (if and so far as such provisions shall be applicable), to give, whether directly or indirectly, any kind of financial assistance (for the purposes of the said Section 82) to any person acquiring or proposing to acquire shares in the Company for the purpose of that acquisition before or at the same time as the acquisition takes place.
- 3.24 To remunerate any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares in the Company's capital, or any debentures, debenture stock, or other securities of the Company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the conduct of its business.
- 3.25 To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue promissory notes,

bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants, debentures and other negotiable or transferable instruments.

- 3.26 To undertake and execute any trusts, the undertaking whereof may seem desirable, and either gratuitously or otherwise.
- 3.27 To sell or dispose of the property, assets or undertaking of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration whether equal to or less than the market value thereof and whether by way of gift or otherwise as the directors shall deem fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company or otherwise.
- 3.28 To adopt such means of making known the products of the Company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the Press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations.
- 3.29 To obtain any Provisional Order or Act of the Oireachtas for enabling the Company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for effecting any modification of the Company's constitution or for any other purpose which may seem expedient, and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the Company's interests.
- 3.30 To procure the Company to be registered or recognized in any country or place.
- 3.31 To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, mortgage, enfranchise, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company.
- 3.32 To promote freedom of contract, and to resist, insure against, counteract and discourage interference therewith, to join any lawful Federation Union or Association, or do any other lawful act or thing with a view to preventing or resisting, directly or indirectly, any interruption of or interference with the Company's or any other trade or business, or providing or safeguarding against the same, or resisting or opposing any strike movement or organisation which may be thought detrimental to the interests of the Company or its employees, and to subscribe to any association or fund for any such purposes.
- 3.33 To do all or any of the above things in any part of the world, and as principals, agents, contractors, trustees, or otherwise, and by or through trustees, agents or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others.
- 3.34 To distribute any of the property of the Company in specie among the members.
- 3.35 To do anything which appears to the Company to be requisite, advantageous or incidental to, or which appears to the Company to facilitate, either directly

or indirectly, the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

NOTE: It is hereby declared that the word "Company" in this clause, except where used in reference to this Company shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons whether incorporated or not incorporated and whether domiciled in Ireland or elsewhere.

4. The liability of the members is limited.
5. The authorised share capital of the Company is ~~€219,100,000~~€213,200,000 divided into ~~847,610,911~~257,610,911 Ordinary Shares of €0.01 each, 10,000,000,000 Deferred Convertible A Ordinary Shares of €0.01 each, 75,140,494 Deferred B Ordinary Shares of €0.099 each, 2,318,498,198 Deferred C Ordinary Shares of €0.01 each 200,000,000 Deferred Ordinary Shares of €0.40 each,

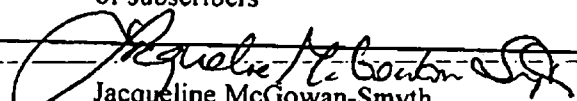
NOTE: it is hereby declared that in this memorandum of association:

- (a) the word "company", except where used in reference to this Company, shall be deemed to include a body corporate, whether a company (wherever formed, registered or incorporated), a corporation aggregate, a corporation sole and a national or local government or other legal entity; and
- (b) the word "person", shall be deemed to include where the context permits an unincorporated body of persons, a partnership, a club or other association as well as an individual; and
- (c) the word "property", shall be deemed to include, where the context permits, real property, personal property including choses or things in action and all other intangible property and money and all estates, rights, titles and interests therein and includes the Company's uncalled capital and future calls and all and every other undertaking and asset; and
- (d) words denoting the singular number only shall include the plural number and vice versa; and
- (e) it is intended that the objects specified in each paragraph in this clause shall, except where otherwise expressed in such paragraph, be separate and distinct objects of the Company and shall not be in any way limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the order in which the paragraphs of this clause occur or the name of the Company.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, wish to be formed into a company in pursuance of this memorandum of association and we agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the company set opposite our respective names.

Names, addresses and descriptions
of subscribers

Number of shares taken
by each subscriber



Jacqueline McGowan-Smyth,
12 Meadow Vale, Blackrock, Co. Dublin.
Chartered Secretary

One

One Ordinary Share

For and on behalf of
Fand Limited

Arthur Cox Building, Earlsfort Terrace, Dublin 2.
Corporate

*THIRTY EIGHT THOUSAND AND
NINETY FOUR*

Thirty Eight Thousand and Ninety
Four Ordinary Shares

For and on behalf of
Attleborough Limited

Arthur Cox Building, Earlsfort Terrace, Dublin 2.
Corporate

One

One Ordinary Share

For and on behalf of

AC Administration Services Limited
Arthur Cox Building, Earlsfort Terrace, Dublin 2.
Corporate

ONE

One Ordinary Share

Emma Hickey

Apartment 86, Derrymane Square, Dorset Street, Dublin 1
Chartered Secretary

ONE

One Ordinary Share

DIJR Nominees Limited

Arthur Cox Building, Earlsfort Terrace, Dublin 2
Corporate

ONE

One Ordinary Share

Cathy Doherty

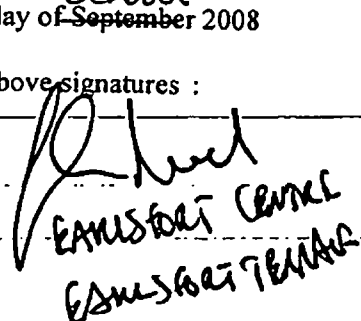
Flat 3, College Mews, 182 Clonliffe Road, Drumcondra
Chartered Secretary

ONE

One Ordinary Share

Dated the *1st* day of *October* ~~September~~ 2008

Witness to the above signatures :


ARTHUR COX BUILDING
EARLSFORT TERRACE

Arthur Cox Building,
Earlsfort Terrace, Dublin 2

COMPANIES ACT 2014

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF

EQTEC PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

PART I - PRELIMINARY AND INTERPRETATION

AS ADOPTED BY SPECIAL RESOLUTION DATED ON THE 18th DECEMBER 2023

1. Interpretation

- a) These Articles exclude the optional provisions contained in the Companies Act, 2014 (as amended and as may be amended), save to the extent they provide otherwise.
- b) In these Articles the following expressions shall have the following meanings:

“A Deferred Shares” the Deferred Convertible A Ordinary Shares of €0.01 each in the share capital of the Company;

“Asset Sale” a binding offer being made by any person or company to acquire assets representing ninety per cent. (90%) or more of the assets of the Company and such offer being accepted and becoming unconditional in all respects;

“the Act” the Companies Act 2014 including all Acts of the Oireachtas and statutory instruments which are to be read as one with or construed or read together with the Companies Act 2014 and every statutory modification or reenactment thereof for the time being in force or, where the context so admits or requires any one or more of such Acts;

“address” includes any number or address used for the purposes of communication by way of electronic mail or other electronic communication;

“advanced electronic signature” the meaning given to that expression in the Electronic Commerce Act, 2000;

“the 1996 Regulations” the Companies Act, 1990 (Uncertificated Securities) Regulations, 1996, S.I No. 68 of 1996 including any modification thereof or any regulations in substitution therefor and for the time being in force;

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| “these Articles” | these articles of association of the Company as amended from time to time and for the time being in force; |
| “Approved Exchange” | any of Euronext Dublin, the London Stock Exchange plc (or such body or bodies as may succeed to their respective functions) and any other stock and/or investment exchange(s) which may be approved at any time by the Board for the purpose of listing and/or admission to trading for any shares in the Company on any such exchange(s); |
| “Approved Market” | a market operated by an Approved Exchange; |
| “the Auditors” | the auditors for the time being of the Company; |
| “B Deferred Shares” | the Deferred B Ordinary Shares of €0.099 each in the share capital of the Company; |
| “C Deferred Shares” | the Deferred C Ordinary Shares of €0.01 each in the Share Capital of the Company; |
| “Central Securities Depository” | has the meaning given to that term by the CSD Regulation; |
| “Change of Control” | <p>a) a binding offer being made by any person or company for the acquisition of the legal and/or beneficial ownership of Ordinary Shares which, when completed, will result in such person or company being the legal and/or beneficial owner of more than fifty per cent. (50%) of the issued Ordinary Shares in the Company (taking the A Deferred Shares as having been converted into Ordinary Shares) and such offer being accepted and becoming unconditional in all respects (save for a condition relating to the conversion of Shares pursuant to these Articles); or</p> <p>b) the completion of the allotment of such number of Ordinary Shares which, when completed, will result in the legal and/or beneficial ownership of more than fifty per cent. (50%) of the issued Ordinary Shares in the Company being held by a single person or company (a “Relevant Placing”); or</p> |

- c) an order being delivered by a Court approving and ratifying a scheme, which has been approved by the members of the Company, for the amalgamation, merger or consolidation of the Company with or into another company immediately following which Holders would cease to hold more than fifty per cent (50%) of the issued Ordinary Shares in the Company or fifty per cent (50%) of the shares in the surviving company;

“the Company”

the company whose name appears in the heading to these Articles;

“company”

any body corporate of whatsoever kind registered or resident in any jurisdiction;

“Clear Days”

in relation to the period of a notice, that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect;

“CSD Regulation”

Regulation (EU) No. 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014 on improving securities settlement in the European Union and on central securities depositories and amending Directives 98/26/EEC and 2014/65/EU and Regulation (EU) No 236/2012;

“Deferred Ordinary Shares”

the Deferred Ordinary Shares of €0.40 each in the capital of the Company;

“the Directors”

the Directors for the time being or from time to time of the Company or any of them acting as the board of Directors of the Company;

“EBITDA”

in respect of any relevant financial period, shall mean the earnings of the Company before interest, taxation, depreciation and amortisation by reference to the profit and loss account of the Company for the relevant financial period (based on the audited financial statements of the Company for such financial period), which shall be calculated:

- a) in accordance with and subject to IFRS; and
- b) adopting the same accounting principles, policies, treatments and categorisations as were applied in the preparation of the

accounts of the Company for the financial years ending prior to the date of the adoption of these Articles, including in relation to the exercise of accounting discretion and judgement,

provided always that, for the avoidance of doubt, in the event of any conflict paragraph (a) above shall take precedence over paragraph (b);

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| “electronic communication” | the meaning given to that word in the Electronic Commerce Act, 2000; |
| “electronic signature” | the meaning given to that word in the Electronic Commerce Act, 2000; |
| “Euroclear Bank” | Euroclear Bank SA/NV, a company incorporated in Belgium; |
| “Euroclear Nominees” | Euroclear Nominees Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Euroclear Bank, registered in England and Wales with registration number 02369969; |
| “Euronext Dublin” | the Irish Stock Exchange PLC, trading as “Euronext Dublin”; |
| “the Group” | the Company and its subsidiaries from time to time and for the time being; |
| “the holder” | in relation to any share in the capital of the Company, the member whose name is entered in the Register as the holder of the share; |
| “IFRS” | the accounting standards adopted for use in the European Union in accordance with Article 3 of the IAS Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002; |
| “intermediary” | has the meaning given to that term in Section 1110A of the Act; |
| “the London Stock Exchange” | London Stock Exchange plc; |
| “the Office” | the registered office for the time being of the Company within the meaning of section 50 of the Act; |
| “Ordinary Holders” | the holder(s) of the Ordinary Shares for the time being; |

“Ordinary Shares”

the Ordinary shares of €0.01 each in the share capital of the Company;

“owner of any share”

in respect of shares held in book entry form in a central securities depository, acting in its capacity as operator of a securities settlement system (including, without limitation, where shares are held by Euroclear Nominees as nominee of Euroclear Bank), a person who would be entitled to be entered into the Register in respect of such Shares (or an equivalent number of shares in a pool held by such central securities depository, as the case may be) if such shares were withdrawn from the securities settlement system in accordance with the procedures and processes of such securities settlement system, and for the purposes of this definition, shares held in book entry form in a securities settlement system shall include interests in shares represented by CDIs credited to the account of the CREST Nominee in the Euroclear System, as nominee and for the benefit of the CREST Depository (or the account of such other nominee(s) of the CREST Depository as it may determine);

“qualified certificate”

the meaning given to that word in the Electronic Commerce Act, 2000;

“Redesignation Conditions”

the conditions for the conversion and redesignation of each of the A Deferred Shares to Ordinary Shares in accordance with Article 3 hereof, being:

- a) the Auditors having certified that the audited accounts of the Company, for any financial year ending on or prior to 30 June 2011, confirm that the Company has, in respect of such financial year, achieved EBITDA of at least EUR 14,000,000; or
- b) the Auditors having certified that the audited accounts of the Company, for any financial year ending on or prior to 30 June 2011, confirm that the Company has, in respect of such financial year, achieved EBITDA of at least EUR 7,000,000 (provided always that, notwithstanding the earlier achievement by the Company of the EBITDA target referred to above in this paragraph (b), this condition shall not be deemed to have been satisfied, and

conversion shall not therefore occur, prior to 30 June 2011); or

- c) the Auditors having certified that the audited accounts of the Company, for the financial year ending on 30 June 2011 and for the financial year ending on 30 June 2012, confirm that the Company has, in respect of such financial years, achieving EBITDA of at least EUR14,000,000 in aggregate;

“Redesignation Event”

in relation to the A Deferred Shares:

- a) a Sale; or
- b) the issue of a Redesignation Notice to the holders of the A Deferred Shares;

“Redesignation Notice”

a written notice to be sent by the Board (or any duly authorized and constituted committee of the Board) to every relevant holder of A Deferred Shares confirming one or more of the Redesignation Conditions have been satisfied in full;

“the Register”

the register of members to be kept as required by Section 169 of the Act;

“Sale”

a Change of Control or an Asset Sale;

“the Seal”

the common seal of the Company or (where relevant) the official securities seal kept by the Company pursuant to the Act;

“the Secretary”

the Secretary of the Company and any person appointed to perform the duties of the Secretary of the Company;

“securities settlement system”

a securities settlement system (as defined in the CSD Regulation) operated by a central securities depository);

“shares”

any shares in the capital of the Company (of whatsoever class and whether voting or non-voting);

“the State”

Ireland;

“treasury shares” shares which have been redeemed or purchased by the Company, as are being held by the Company, as treasury shares in accordance with Chapter 6 of Part 3 of the Act;

“the United Kingdom” the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland;

“warrants to subscribe” a warrant or certificate or similar document indicating the right of the registered holder thereof (other than under a share option scheme for employees) to subscribe for shares; and

“Winding-Up” any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, either voluntary or involuntary.

- c) Expressions in these Articles referring to writing shall be construed, unless the contrary intention appears, as including references to printing, lithography, photography and any other modes or representing or reproducing words in a visible form except as provided in these Articles and/or where it constitutes writing in electronic form sent to the Company, the Company has agreed to its receipt in such form. Expressions in these Articles referring to execution of any document shall include any mode of execution whether under seal or under hand or any mode of electronic signature as shall be approved by the Directors.
- d) Unless the contrary intention appears, the use of the word “address” in these Articles in relation to electronic communications includes any number or address used for the purpose of such communications.
- e) Unless specifically defined herein or the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these Articles shall bear the same meaning as in the Act but excluding any statutory modification thereof not in force when these Articles become binding on the Company.
- f) The headings and captions included in these Articles are inserted for convenience of reference only and shall not be considered a part of or affect the construction or interpretation of these Articles.
- g) References in these Articles to any enactment or any section or any regulation or provision thereof shall mean such enactment, section or provision as the same may be amended and may be from time to time and for the time being in force.
- h) References herein to an “uncertificated share” or to a share being held in “uncertificated form” are references to that share being an uncertificated unit of a security, and references to a “certificated share” or to a share being held in “certificated form” are references to that share being a unit of a security which is not an uncertificated unit of a security.
- i) In these Articles the masculine gender shall include the feminine and neuter, and vice versa, and the singular number shall include the plural, and vice versa, and words importing persons shall include firms or companies.
- j) References in these Articles to Euro or cent or € or c shall mean the currency for the time being

of the State.

- k) Expressions in these Articles referring to execution of any document shall include any mode of execution whether under seal or under hand or any mode of electronic signature as shall be approved by the Directors. Expressions in these Articles referring to receipt of any electronic communications shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be limited to receipt in such manner as the Company has approved. Reference herein to a share (or to a holding of shares) being in uncertificated form are references to that share being an uncertificated unit of a security.

PART II - SHARE CAPITAL AND RIGHTS

2. Share capital

The authorised share capital of the Company is ~~€219,100,000~~~~213,200,000~~ divided into ~~847,610,911~~~~257,610,911~~ Ordinary Shares of €0.01 each, 10,000,000,000 Deferred Convertible A Ordinary Shares of €0.01 each, 75,140,494 Deferred B Ordinary Shares of €0.099 each, 2,318,498,198 Deferred C Ordinary Shares of €0.01 each and 200,000,000 Deferred Ordinary Shares of €0.40 each.

3. Rights of Shares on issue

- a) Without prejudice to any special rights conferred on the Holders of any existing shares or class of shares and subject to the provisions of the Act, any share may be issued with such rights or restrictions whether in relation to dividend, voting, return of capital or otherwise, including restrictions on transferability (where, in the case of shares admitted to trading on any Approved Market, compatible with the requirements of such Approved Market), as the Company may by ordinary resolution determine or, subject to and in default of such determination, as the board of Directors shall determine.
- b) The Ordinary Holders shall, by virtue of and in respect of their holdings of Ordinary Shares, have the right to receive notice of, attend, speak and vote at general meetings of the Company. The A Deferred Shares, B Deferred Shares, C Deferred Shares and Deferred Ordinary Shares shall not entitle the holders thereof to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting of the Company.
- c) The Ordinary Shares shall entitle the holders thereof to participate in the profits or assets of the Company (by way of payment of any dividends, on a Winding-up or otherwise). The A Deferred Shares shall, (other than upon a Winding-up whereupon the terms of Article 3(d) shall apply) not entitle the holders thereof to participate in the profits or assets of the Company (by way of payment of any dividends or otherwise). The Deferred Ordinary Shares, B Deferred Shares and C Deferred Shares shall not entitle the holders thereof to participate in the profits or assets of the Company (by way of payment of any dividends, on a Winding-up or otherwise).
- d) The A Deferred Shares shall entitle the holders thereof to participate pari passu with holders of the Ordinary Shares in the profits or assets of the Company on a Winding-up, up to an amount being the amount of the par value paid up in respect of such A Deferred Shares.
- e) The Directors may, in their absolute discretion, at the time of the allotment of any A Deferred Shares, determine that such A Deferred Shares shall be converted into and redesignated as Ordinary Shares upon the satisfaction of certain terms and conditions and may impose such other restrictions on such A Deferred Shares as they may in their absolute discretion deem fit.

- f) Upon the occurrence of a Redesignation Event, each A Deferred Share shall have the restrictions applying to it removed and shall be automatically deemed converted into and redesignated as an Ordinary Share, without the requirement for any approval thereof by the Board or any holders PROVIDED ALWAYS THAT in the case of a Relevant Placing, each A Deferred Share shall be automatically deemed to have been converted into and redesignated as an Ordinary Share immediately prior to the completion of the allotment of Ordinary Shares.
- g) Immediately following a Redesignation Event, each holder of A Deferred Shares which have been converted into and redesignated as Ordinary Shares shall send to the Company the certificates in respect of the A Deferred Shares held by him and thereupon, but subject to receipt of such certificates, the Company shall issue to such holders respectively certificates for the Ordinary Shares.
- h) On a conversion and redesignation of any A Deferred Shares into Ordinary Shares all appropriate adjustments shall be made to the share capital and capital reserves including the capitalisation of any amount standing to the credit of the share premium account to give effect to such conversion without the requirement of any approval by the Board or any holders.
- i) The Company shall at all times keep available out of its authorised but unissued share capital solely for the purpose of effecting the conversion of A Deferred Shares, such number of Ordinary Shares as shall from time to time be sufficient to effect the conversion of all A Deferred Shares, and the Company will take such corporate action as may be necessary to increase its authorised but unissued Ordinary Shares to such number of shares as shall be sufficient for such purposes.
- j) Subject to any restrictions which may be imposed pursuant to these Articles (including, but not limited to, Article 68) or otherwise in respect of any share and/or on the exercise of any of the rights referred to in this Article 3(j), where the owner of any share which is recorded in book-entry form in a central securities depository where such share is registered in the name of a nominee of the central securities depository acting in its capacity as operator of a securities settlement system (including, without limitation, where shares are held by Euroclear Nominees as nominee of Euroclear Bank) the Directors may in their absolute discretion exercise their powers in a way that would confer on such owner of a share the benefit all of the rights conferred on a member with respect to those shares by Articles 51, 53, 71 and 89 and sections 37(1), 105(8), 112(2), 146(6), 178(2), 178(3), 180(1) and 1104 of the Act, provided that the owner of such share has notified the Company in writing that it is the owner of such share and that the notification is accompanied by such information and other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to confirm such ownership of that share (which may include the name of (i) the owner of such share and (ii) any person who has an interest in such share and the nature and extent of the interest of each such person). This Article 3(j) is subject to and shall only become effective in accordance with Article 3(q).
- k) Subject to any restrictions which may be imposed pursuant to these Articles (including, but not limited to, Article 68) or otherwise in respect of any share and/or in respect of any of the matters referred to in this Article 3(k), the references to a member, a holder of a share or a shareholder in Articles 53, 54, 118, 123 and 127 and sections 89(1), 111(2), 180, 228(3), 228(4), 251(2), 252(2), 339 (1) - (7), 374(3), 392(6), 427, 457, 459, 460(4), 1137(4), 1147 and 1159(4) of the Act may be deemed by the Directors (in their absolute discretion) to include a reference to an owner of a share who has satisfied the requirements in Article 3(j) with respect to that share. This Article 3(k) is subject to and shall only become effective in accordance with Article 3(q).
- l) Subject to any restrictions which may be imposed pursuant to these Articles (including, but not limited to, Article 68) or otherwise in respect of any share and/or in respect of any of the

matters referred to in this Article 3(l), all persons who the Directors deem (in their absolute discretion) as being eligible to receive notice of a meeting by virtue of Article 3(j) at the date such notice was given, served or delivered in accordance with Article 123, may also be deemed eligible by the Directors to attend at the meeting in respect of which the notice has been given and to speak at such meeting provided that such person remains an owner of a share at the relevant record date for such meeting. This Article 3(l) is subject to and shall only become effective in accordance with Article 3(q).

- m) Neither Article 3(l) above nor the reference to Article 71 in Article 3(j) shall entitle a person to vote at a meeting of the Company or exercise any other right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company. This Article 3(m) is subject to and shall only become effective in accordance with Article 3(q).
- n) Where two or more persons are the owner of a share, the rights conferred by this Article 3 and Article 5 shall not be exercisable unless all such persons have satisfied the requirements in Article 3(j) with respect to that share. This Article 3(n) is subject to and shall only become effective in accordance with Article 3(q).
- o) In the case of the death of an owner of a share, the survivor or survivors where the deceased was a joint owner of the share, and the personal representatives of the deceased where he or she was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as the persons entitled to exercise any rights conferred by Article 3(j) in respect of that share provided that they or the deceased owner have satisfied the requirements in Article 3(j) with respect to that share. This Article 3(o) is subject to and shall only become effective in accordance with Article 3(q).
- p) Any notice or other information to be given, served or delivered by the Company to an owner of a share pursuant to this Article 3 shall be in writing (whether in electronic form or otherwise) and served or delivered in any manner determined by the Directors (in their absolute discretion) in accordance with the provisions of Article 123. The Company shall not be obliged to give, serve or deliver any notice or other information to any person pursuant to this Article 3 where the Company is not in possession of the information necessary for such information to be given, served or delivered in the manner determined by the Directors in accordance with the preceding sentence.
- q) Articles 3(j) to 3(p) shall only become effective upon the Migration (as defined in Article 10A) becoming effective.

4. Redeemable shares

- a) Subject to Article 4(b) and the provisions of Part 17, Chapter 5 of the Act, any shares may be issued on the terms that they are, or at the option of the Company are, liable to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the Company may by special resolution determine. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company may pursuant to section 83(3) of the Act convert any of its shares in issue into redeemable shares. In addition and subject as aforesaid, the Company is hereby authorised to redeem (on such terms as may be contained in, or be determined pursuant to the provisions of, these Articles or a special resolution of the Company) any of its shares which have been converted into redeemable shares. Subject as aforesaid, the Company may cancel any shares so redeemed or may hold them as treasury shares and re-issue such treasury shares as shares of any class or classes or cancel them.
- b) Subject to the provisions of the Act, at any time after 30 June 2012, the A Deferred Shares may be redeemed by the Company:

- (i) on such terms and in such manner as the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, determine and specify at the time of the allotment and issue of such A Deferred Shares; and/or
- (ii) at the par value thereof (and only if specifically agreed in writing with the relevant holder of A Deferred Shares, any premium paid thereon) upon the issue by the Auditors of a written notice confirming that none of the Redesignation Conditions have been satisfied,

unless the Company determines otherwise by special resolution.

5. Variation of rights

- a) Whenever the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class may be varied or abrogated with the consent in writing of the Holders of three-fourths in nominal value of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of the shares of the class, and may be so varied or abrogated either whilst the Company is a going concern or during or in contemplation of a winding-up. The quorum at any such separate general meeting, other than an adjourned meeting, shall be two persons holding or representing by proxy at least one-third in nominal value of the issued shares of the class in question and the quorum at an adjourned meeting shall be one person holding shares of the class in question or his proxy.
- b) The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by these Articles or the terms of the issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by a purchase or redemption by the Company of its own shares or by the creation or issue of further shares ranking *pari passu* therewith or subordinate thereto.
- c) Any reduction of capital involving the cancellation of the A Deferred Shares, B Deferred Shares, C Deferred or Deferred Ordinary Shares for no consideration shall not be deemed to be a variation of the rights attaching to such deferred shares nor a modification or abrogation of the rights or privileges attaching to the A Deferred Shares, B Deferred Shares, C Deferred Shares or Deferred Ordinary Shares and accordingly the A Deferred Shares, B Deferred Shares, C Deferred Shares or Deferred Ordinary Shares may at any time be cancelled for no consideration by a Special Resolution passed by the holders of the ordinary shares without notice thereof being given to the holder(s) of the A Deferred Shares, B Deferred Shares, C Deferred Shares or Deferred Ordinary Shares and without any sanction or approval on the part of any holder(s) of the A Deferred Shares, B Deferred Shares, C Deferred Shares or Deferred Ordinary Shares

6. Trusts not recognised

- a) Except as required by law or as provided for by Article 6(b), no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and the Company shall not be bound by or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any interest in any fractional part of a share or (except only as by these Articles or by law otherwise provided) any other rights in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the holder. This shall not preclude the Company from requiring the members or a transferee of shares to furnish the Company with information as to the beneficial ownership of any share when such information is reasonably required by the Company.

- b) Where shares are registered in the name of a nominee of a central securities depository acting in into capacity as operator of a securities settlement system (including, without limitation, where shares are held by Euroclear Nominees as nominee of Euroclear Bank) all rights attaching to such shares may be exercised on the instructions of the central securities depository and the Company shall have no liability to the nominee (including Euroclear Nominees) where it acts in response to such instructions.

7. Disclosure of interests

- a) If at any time the Directors are satisfied that any member, or any other person appearing to be interested in shares held by such member, has been duly served with a notice under Section 1062 or Section 1110B of the Act and is in default for the prescribed period (as defined in sub-paragraph (h) (ii) in supplying to the Company the information thereby required, or in purported compliance with such a notice, has made a statement which is false or inadequate in a material particular, then the Directors may, in their absolute discretion at any time thereafter by notice (a “Disclosure Notice”) to such member direct that:-
- (i) in respect of the shares in relation to which the default occurred (the “default shares”) the member shall not be entitled to attend or to vote at a general meeting either personally or by proxy or to exercise any other right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company;
 - (ii) where the nominal value of the default shares represents at least 0.25 per cent of the nominal value of the issued shares of the class concerned, then the Disclosure Notice may additionally direct that-
 - (A) except in a liquidation of the Company, no payment shall be made of any sums due from the Company on the default shares, whether in respect of capital or dividend or otherwise, and the Company shall not have any liability to pay interest on any such payment when it is finally paid to the member (but the provisions of this sub-paragraph (A) shall apply only to the extent permitted from time to time by the rules of the Euronext Dublin relating to IEX and the AIM Rules of the London Stock Exchange);
 - (B) no other distribution shall be made on the default shares;
 - (C) no transfer of any of the default shares held by such member shall be registered unless:
 - (i) the member is not himself in default as regards supplying the information requested and the transfer when presented for registration is accompanied by a certificate by the member in such form as the Directors may in their absolute discretion require to the effect that after due and careful enquiry the member is satisfied that no person in default as regards supplying such information is interested in any of the shares the subject of the transfer; or
 - (ii) the transfer is an approved transfer (as defined in sub paragraph (f)(iii)).

The Company shall send to each other person appearing to be interested in the shares the subject of any Disclosure Notice a copy of the Notice, but the failure or omission by the Company to do so shall not invalidate such Notice.

- b) Unless otherwise required by applicable law, where a Disclosure Notice is served on the holder of a share and such holder is a central securities depository (or its nominee(s)) acting in its capacity as operator of a securities settlement system, the obligations of the central securities depository (or its nominee(s)) as a holder pursuant to this Article 7 shall be limited to disclosing to the Company in accordance with this Article such information relating to the ownership of, or interest in, the share concerned as has been recorded by it pursuant to the rules made and practices instituted by the central securities depository, provided that nothing in this Article 7 shall in any other way restrict the powers of the Directors under this Article 7.
- c) Where any person appearing to be interested in the default shares has been duly served with a Disclosure Notice or copy thereof and the default shares which are the subject of such Disclosure Notice are held by an Approved Nominee, the provisions of this Article shall be treated as applying only to such default shares held by the Approved Nominee and not (insofar as such person's apparent interest is concerned) to any other shares held by the Approved Nominee.
- d) Where the member upon whom a Section 1062 notice is served is an Approved Nominee acting in its capacity as such, the obligations of the Approved Nominee as a member of the Company shall be limited to disclosing to the Company such information relating to any person appearing to be interested in the shares held by it as has been recorded by it pursuant to the arrangements entered into by the Company or approved by the Directors pursuant to which it was appointed as an Approved Nominee.
- e) Where an intermediary receives a Section 1110B notice and is in possession or control of the information to which the Disclosure Notice relates, it shall as soon as practicable provide the Company with that information. Any intermediary that receives a Disclosure Notice and is not in possession or control of the information to which it relates shall as soon as practicable:
 - (i) inform the Company that it is not in possession or control of the information;
 - (ii) where the intermediary is part of a chain of intermediaries, transmit the request to each other intermediary in the chain known to the first mentioned intermediary as being part of the chain; and
 - (iii) provide the Company with the details of each intermediary, if any, to which the requests have been transmitted under subparagraph (ii).
- f) The Directors may give any number of Disclosure Notices pursuant to this Article to the same holder or other person in respect of the same shares.
- g) Any direction notice shall cease to have effect.-
 - (i) in relation to any shares which are transferred by such member by means of an approved transfer; or
 - (ii) when the Directors are satisfied that such member and any other person appearing to be interested in shares held by such member, has given to the Company the information required by the relevant Section 1062 notice.
- h) The Directors may at any time give notice cancelling a Disclosure Notice.

i) For the purposes of this Article:-

- (i) a person other than the holder of a share shall be treated as appearing to be or have been interested in that share if the holder has informed the Company that the person is, or may be, or has been, or may have been, so interested, or if the Company (after taking account of any information obtained from the Holder or pursuant to a Disclosure Notice or otherwise, from anyone else) knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the person in question is or may be, or has been, or may have been, so interested;
- (ii) the prescribed period is 28 days from the date of service of the said Section 1062 notice unless the nominal value of the default shares represents at least 0.25 per cent of the nominal value of the issued shares of that class, when the prescribed period is 14 days from that date;
- (iii) a transfer of shares is an approved transfer if but only if:
 - (A) it is a transfer of shares to an offer or by way or in pursuance of acceptance of an offer made to all the holders (or all the holders other than the person making the offer and his nominees) of the shares in the Company to acquire those shares or a specified proportion of them; or
 - (B) the Directors are satisfied that the transfer is made pursuant to a sale of the whole of the beneficial ownership of the shares the subject of the transfer to a party unconnected with the member and with other persons appearing to be interested in such shares; or
 - (C) the transfer results from a sale made through a stock exchange on which the Company's shares are normally traded.
- j) Nothing contained in this Article shall be interpreted or construed so as to limit the power of the Company under Section 1062 et seq. of the Act.
- k) Where any member, of any other person with an interest in shares held by such member, is deemed by Section 1049 of the Act to have an interest in 3% or more of the issued share capital of the Company, such member or person shall be required to notify the Company both of the existence of such interest and any event which results in the member or person ceasing to be so interested. Such notification shall be made in the same manner and within the same time period as specified in Sections 1053 of the Act.
- l) For the purpose of establishing whether or not the terms of any notice served under this Article shall have been complied with the decision of the Directors in this regard shall be final and conclusive and shall bind all persons interested.
- m) The provisions of this Article 7 are in addition to, and do not limit any other right or power of the Company or the Directors, including any right vested in the Company or the Directors by the Act.

8. Allotment of Shares

- a) Subject to the provisions of the Act relating to authority, pre-emption or otherwise in regard

to the issue of, or the grant of options over, or other rights to subscribe for, new shares and of any resolution of the Company in general meeting passed pursuant thereto, all unissued shares (including treasury shares) for the time being in the capital of the Company shall be at the disposal of the Directors and (subject to the provisions of the Act) they may allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to such persons on such terms and conditions and at such times as they may consider to be in the best interests of the Company and the holders, but so that no share shall be issued at a discount and so that, in the case of shares offered to the public for subscription, the amount payable on application on each share shall not be less than one-quarter of the nominal amount of the share and the whole of any premium thereon.

- b) Without prejudice to the generality of the powers conferred on the Directors by the other paragraphs of this Article, the Directors may grant from time to time options to subscribe for the unallotted shares in the capital of the Company to persons in the service or employment of the Company or any subsidiary or associated company of the Company (including Directors holding executive offices) on such terms and subject to such conditions as may be approved from time to time by the Directors or by any committee thereof appointed by the Directors for the purpose of such approval.
- c) The Company may issue warrants to subscribe (by whatever name they are called) to any person to whom the Company has granted the right to subscribe for shares in the Company (other than under a share option scheme for employees) certifying the right of the registered holder thereof to subscribe for shares in the Company upon such terms and conditions as the right may have been granted.

9. Payment of commission

The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Act. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or by the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other. On any issue of shares the Company may also pay such brokerage as may be lawful.

10. Payment by instalments

If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount or issue price thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment when due shall be paid to the Company by the person who for the time being shall be the holder of the share.

Part III - Migration

10A Migration

- a) To give effect to the Migration (as defined below), each holder of the Migrating Shares is deemed to have consented and agreed to the following:
 - (i) the Company is irrevocably instructed to appoint any person (including any officer or employee of the Company, the Company's Registrar, Euroclear Bank and/or EUI) as attorney or agent for the holders of the Migrating Shares to do everything necessary to complete the transfer of the Migrating Shares to Euroclear Nominees (or such other nominee(s) of Euroclear Bank as it may notify the Company in writing) and do all such other things and execute and deliver all such documents and electronic communications as may be required by Euroclear Bank or as may, in the opinion of such attorney or agent, be necessary or desirable to vest the Migrating Shares in

Euroclear Nominees (or such other nominee(s) of Euroclear Bank as it may notify the Company in writing) and, pending such vesting, to exercise all such rights attaching to the Migrating Shares as Euroclear Bank and/or Euroclear Nominees may direct;

- (ii) the Company's Registrar and/or the Secretary may complete the registration of the transfer of the Migrating Shares as described in this Part III by registering the Migrating Shares in the name of Euroclear Nominees (or such other nominee(s) of Euroclear Bank as it may notify the Company in writing) without having to furnish the former holder of the Migrating Shares with any evidence of transfer or receipt;
- (iii) that once registered in the name of Euroclear Nominees (or such other nominee(s) of Euroclear Bank as it may notify the Company in writing):
 - (A) the Migrating Shares are to be held on a fungible basis so that a holder of any of the Migrating Shares shall not be entitled to require the return of exactly the same Participating Securities as are transferred on its behalf as part of the Migration;
 - (B) Euroclear Bank and Euroclear Nominees are authorised to credit the interests of such holders of the Migrating Shares in the relevant Migrating Shares (i.e. the Belgian Law Rights representing the Migrating Shares to which such holder was entitled) to the account of the CREST Nominee (CIN (Belgium) Limited) in the Euroclear System, as nominee and for the benefit of the CREST Depository (or the account of such other nominee(s) of the CREST Depository as it may determine);
 - (C) Euroclear Bank and Euroclear Nominees are authorised to take any action necessary or desirable to enable the CREST Depository to hold the interests in the Migrating Shares referred to in sub-paragraph (ii) above on trust pursuant to the terms of the CREST Deed Poll or otherwise and for the benefit of the holders of the CDIs (being the relevant holders of the Migrating Shares); and
 - (D) Euroclear Bank and Euroclear Nominees are authorised to take any action necessary or desirable to enable the issuance of CDIs by the CREST Depository to the relevant holders of the Migrating Shares, including any action necessary or desirable in order to authorise Euroclear Bank, Euroclear Nominees, the CREST Nominee and/or any other relevant entity to instruct the CREST Depository and/or EUI to issue the CDIs to the relevant holders of the Migrating Shares pursuant to the terms of the CREST Deed Poll or otherwise;
- (iv) the Company's Registrar, the Secretary and/or EUI releasing such personal data of the holder of the Migrating Shares to the extent required by Euroclear Bank, the CREST Depository and/or EUI to effect the Migration and the issue of the CDIs;
- (v) the attorney or agent appointed pursuant to this Part III is empowered to do all or any of the following on behalf of the holders of the Migrating Shares:
 - (A) procure the issue by the Company's Registrar of such instructions in the Euroclear System or otherwise as are necessary or desirable to give effect to the Migration and the related admission of the Migrating Shares to the Euroclear System referred to in the Circular (including the procedures and

processes described in the EB Migration Guide), including but not limited to the issuing by the Company's Registrar of the instructions referred to as MT 540 MKUP and MT 544 instructions in the EB Migration Guide and the EB Services Description in respect of the Migrating Shares and any other instructions as may be deemed necessary or desirable in order for:

- (I) the interests in the Migrating Shares referred to in Article 10A(c)(ii) to be credited to the account of the CREST Nominee (CIN (Belgium) Limited) in the Euroclear System, as nominee and for the benefit of the CREST Depository (or the account of such other nominee(s) of the CREST Depository as it may determine);
 - (II) Euroclear Bank and/or Euroclear Nominees to be authorised to take any action necessary or desirable to enable the CREST Depository to hold the interests in the Migrating Shares referred to in sub-paragraph (A) above on trust pursuant to the terms of the CREST Deed Poll or otherwise and for the benefit of the holders of the CDIs (being the relevant holders of the Migrating Shares); and
 - (III) Euroclear Bank and/or Euroclear Nominees to be authorised to take any action necessary or desirable to enable the issuance of CDIs by the CREST Depository to the relevant holders of the Migrating Shares, including any action necessary or desirable in order to authorise Euroclear Bank, Euroclear Nominees, the CREST Nominee and/or any other relevant entity to instruct the CREST Depository and/or EUI to issue the CDIs to the relevant holders of the Migrating Shares pursuant to the terms of the CREST Deed Poll or otherwise;
- (B) withdraw any Participating Securities from CREST and instruct the Company's Registrar, the Secretary and/or EUI to do all that is necessary so that the Register shall record such Participating Securities as no longer being in uncertificated form;
- (C) execute and deliver a form or forms of transfer or other instrument(s) or instruction(s) of transfer on behalf of the holders of the Migrating Shares in favour of Euroclear Nominees or such other nominee(s) of Euroclear Bank as it may notify the Company in writing; and
- (D) execute and deliver such agreements or other documentation, electronic communications and instructions as may be required in connection with the admission of the Migrating Shares and any interest in them to the Euroclear System.

Notwithstanding any contrary provision in these Articles, the Company shall not be obliged to issue any certificates to Euroclear Nominees or such other nominee(s) of Euroclear Bank as it may notify the Company in writing following such transfers. For the purpose of this Part III, the following words and expressions shall have the same meaning as defined in the circular issued by the Company on 25 January 2021 and dated 25 January 2021 (the "Circular"): Belgian Law Rights", "Company's Registrar", "CREST", "CREST Deed Poll", "CREST Nominee", "CREST Depository", "EB Migration Guide", "EB Services Description", "EUI", "Euroclear System", "Migration", "Migrating Shares" and "Participating Securities".

- b) Articles 11.1, 11.3 and 38 shall not apply to the Migration as approved by the Directors.
- c) Notwithstanding anything in these Articles to the contrary and subject to the rules of the applicable central securities depository, the Directors may permit any class of shares to be held, and trades in those shares to be settled, through a securities settlement system operated by a central securities depository. Without prejudice to the generality and effectiveness of the foregoing:
- (i) the Directors may make such arrangements or regulations (if any) as they may from time to time in their absolute discretion think fit for the purpose of implementing and/or supplementing the provisions of this Part III and the Migration and the facilities and requirements of the securities settlement system and such arrangements and regulations (as the case may be) shall have the same effect as if set out in this Part III;
 - (ii) the Directors may utilise the securities settlement system to the fullest extent available from time to time in the exercise of the Company's powers or functions under the Act or these Articles or otherwise in effecting any actions;
 - (iii) for the purposes of Article 113, any payment in the case of shares held through a securities settlement system may be made by means of the securities settlement system (subject always to the facilities and requirements of the securities settlement system) and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the making of a payment in accordance with the facilities and requirements of the securities settlement system concerned shall be a good discharge to the Company;
 - (iv) where any class of shares in the capital of the Company is held through a securities settlement system and the Company is entitled under any provisions of the Act, or the rules made and practices instituted by the central securities depository or under these Articles, to dispose of, forfeit, enforce a lien or sell or otherwise procure the sale of any such shares, such entitlement (to the extent permitted by the Act and the rules made and practices instituted by the central securities depository):
 - (A) shall include the right to require the central securities depository of such securities settlement system to take such steps as may be necessary to sell or transfer such shares and/or to appoint any person to take such other steps in the name of the central securities depository (or its nominee(s)) as may be required to effect a transfer of such shares and such steps shall be as effective as if they had been taken by the central securities depository (or its nominee(s)); and
 - (B) shall be treated as applying only to such shares held by the central securities depository or its nominee(s) and not to any other shares held by the central securities depository or its nominee(s).
- d) The holders of the Migrating Shares agree that none of the Company, the Directors, the Company's Registrar or the Secretary shall be liable in any way in connection with:
- (i) any of the actions taken in respect of the Migrating Shares in connection with the Migration and/or the matters in connection with the Migration referred to in the Circular (including the procedures and processes described in the EB Migration Guide), whether pursuant to the authorities granted by the holders of the Migrating Shares pursuant to this Part III, the resolutions passed at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 17 February 2021 (or any adjournment thereof) or

otherwise; and/or

- (ii) any failures and/or errors in the systems, processes or procedures of Euroclear Bank and/or EUI which adversely affect the implementation of the Migration and/or the matters in connection with the Migration referred to in the Circular (including the procedures and processes described in the EB Migration Guide).

PART IV - SHARE CERTIFICATES

11. Evidence of Title to Shares

11.1 Members' rights to Certificates

- (a) Every member shall in the case of shares held in certificated form be entitled on request, without payment to receive within two months after allotment or lodgement of a transfer unless the conditions of issue provide for a longer period, one certificate for all the shares of each class held by him or several certificates each for one or more of his shares upon payment for every certificate after the first such reasonable sum as the Directors may determine provided that the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate for shares held jointly by several persons and delivery of a certificates to one joint Holder shall be a sufficient delivery to all of them. Every certificate shall be sealed with the Seal and shall specify the number, class and distinguishing numbers (if any) of the shares to which it relates and the amount or respective amounts paid up thereon. The Company shall not be required to register more than four persons as joint holders of any share (except in the case of executors or trustees of a deceased member). The obligation on the Company to issue a new certificate under this Article or to issue a new, balance, exchange or replacement certificate under any other provision of these Articles shall be subject always to the provisions of the CSD Regulation (including without limitation, Article 3(1) thereof) and any other applicable law.
- (b) The Company may, if any to the extent the law for the time being so permits, send or supply share certificates to members of the Company by means of electronic communication.

11.2 Particulars on Certificates

Every certificate shall be under the Seal or under the official seal kept by the Company by virtue of Section 1017 of the Act and shall specify the number and class and the distinguishing numbers (if any) of the shares in respect of which it is issued and the amount paid up thereon.

11.3 New Certificates

- (a) Any two or more certificates representing shares of anyone class held by any member may at his request be cancelled and a single new certificate for such shares issued in lieu without charge.
- (b) If any member shall surrender for cancellation a share certificate representing shares held by him and request the Company to issue in lieu two or more share certificates representing such shares in such proportions as he may specify, the Directors may, if they think fit, comply with such request, and subject to payment of such fee by such member as the Directors may from time to time determine.
- (c) If a share certificate is defaced, lost or destroyed, it may be renewed on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and the payment of any exceptional out-of-pocket expenses of

the Company of investigating evidence as the Directors think fit and (in the case of defacement or wearing out) on delivering up of the old certificate.

PART V - LIEN ON SHARES

12. Extent of lien

The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) payable at a fixed time or called in respect of that share. The Directors, at any time, may declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this Article. The Company's lien on a share shall extend to all moneys payable in respect of it.

13. Power of sale

The Company may sell in such manner as the Directors determine any share on which the Company has a lien if a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable and is not paid within fourteen Clear Days after notice demanding payment, and stating that if the notice is not complied with the share may be sold, has been given to the holder of the share or to the person entitled to it by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder.

14. Power to effect transfer

To give effect to a sale, the Directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the share sold to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser. The transferee shall be entered in the Register as the holder of the share comprised in any such transfer and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase moneys nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale, and after the name of the transferee has been entered in the Register, the remedy of any person aggrieved by the sale shall be in damages only and against the Company exclusively. Where a share, which is to be sold as provided for in this Part V, is held in uncertificated form, the Directors may authorise some person to do all that is necessary under the 1996 Regulations to change such share into certificated form prior to its sale under this Part V.

15. Proceeds of sale

The net proceeds of the sale, after payment of the costs, shall be applied in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as is presently payable and any residue (upon surrender to the Company for cancellation of the certificate for the shares sold and subject to a like lien for any moneys not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) shall be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

PART VI- CALLS ON SHARES AND FORFEITURE

16. Making of calls

Subject to the terms of allotment, the Directors may make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares and each member (subject to receiving at least fourteen Clear Days' notice specifying when and where payment is to be made) shall pay to the Company as required by the notice the amount called on his shares. A call may be required to be paid by instalments. A call may be revoked before receipt by the Company of a sum due thereunder, in whole or in part and payment of a call may be postponed in whole or in part. A person upon whom a call is made

shall remain liable for calls made upon him notwithstanding the subsequent transfer of the shares in respect of which the call was made.

17. Time of call

A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising the call was passed.

18. Liability of joint holders

The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.

19. Interest on calls

If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the person from whom it is due and payable shall pay interest on the amount unpaid from the day it became due until it is paid at the rate fixed by the terms of allotment of the share or in the notice of the call or, if no rate is fixed, at the appropriate rate (as defined by the Act) but the Directors may waive payment of the interest wholly or in part.

20. Instalments treated as calls

An amount payable in respect of a share on allotment or at any fixed date, whether in respect of nominal value or as an instalment of a call, shall be deemed to be a call and if it is not paid the provisions of these Articles shall apply as if that amount had become due and payable by virtue of a call.

21. Power to differentiate

Subject to the terms of allotment, the Directors may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders in the amounts and times of payment of calls on their shares.

22. Interest on moneys advanced

The Directors, if they think fit, may receive from any member willing to advance the same all or any part of the moneys uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him, and upon all or any of the moneys so advanced may pay (until the same would, but for such advance, become payable) interest at such rate, not exceeding (unless the Company in general meeting otherwise directs) fifteen per cent. per annum, as may be agreed upon between the Directors and the member paying such sum in advance.

23. Notice requiring payment

- a) If a member fails to pay any call or instalment of a call on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Directors, at any time thereafter during such times as any part of the call or instalment remains unpaid, may serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid together with any interest which may have accrued.
- b) The notice shall name a further day (not earlier than the expiration of fourteen Clear Days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice

is to be made, and shall state that in the event of non-payment at or before the time appointed the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

- c) If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with then, at any time thereafter before the payment required by the notice has been made, any shares in respect of which the notice has been given may be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect. The forfeiture shall include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before forfeiture. The Directors may accept a surrender of any share liable to be forfeited hereunder.
- d) On the trial or hearing of any action for the recovery of any money due for any call it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the member sued is entered in the Register as the holder, or one of the holders, of the shares in respect of which such debt accrued, that the resolution making the call is duly recorded in the minute book and that notice of such call was duly given to the member sued, in pursuance of these Articles, and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who made such call nor any other matters whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

24. Power of disposal

- a) A forfeited share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Directors think fit and at any time before a sale or disposition the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the Directors think fit. Where for the purposes of its disposal such a share is to be transferred to any person, the Directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person. The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposition thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of and thereupon he shall be registered as the holder of the share and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.
- b) The Directors may accept upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed the surrender of any share which the Directors have resolved to have forfeited and subject to any such terms and conditions, a surrendered share shall be treated as if it had been forfeited.

25. Effect of forfeiture

A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but nevertheless shall remain liable to pay to the Company all moneys which, at the date of forfeiture, were payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares, without any deduction or allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture but his liability shall cease if and when the Company shall have received payment in full of all such moneys in respect of the shares.

26. Statutory declaration

A statutory declaration that the declarant is a Director or the Secretary of the Company, and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited on the date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share.

27. Payment of sums due on share issues

The provisions of these Articles as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

28. Surrender of shares

The Directors may accept the surrender of any share which the Directors have resolved to have been forfeited upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed and, subject to any such terms and conditions, a surrendered share shall be treated as if it has been forfeited

PART VI - CONVERSION OF SHARES INTO STOCK

29. Conversion of shares into stock

The Company by ordinary resolution may convert any paid up shares into stock and reconvert any stock into paid up shares of any denomination.

30. Transfer of stock

The holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof, in the same manner, and subject to the same regulations, as and subject to which the shares from which the stock arose might have been transferred before conversion, or as near thereto as circumstances admit; and the Directors may fix from time to time the minimum amount of stock transferable but so that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of each share from which the stock arose.

31. Rights of stockholders

- a) The holders of stock shall have, according to the amount of stock held by them, the same rights, privileges and advantages in relation to dividends, voting at meetings of the Company and other matters as if they held the shares from which the stock arose, but no such right, privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the Company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which, if existing in shares, would not have conferred that right, privilege or advantage.
- b) Such of these Articles as are applicable to paid up shares shall apply to stock, and the words "share" and "holder" therein shall include "stock" and "stockholder".

PART VII - TRANSFER OF SHARES

32. Form of instrument of transfer

Subject to such of the restrictions of these Articles, Article 3(2) of the CSD Regulation, the Act and such of the conditions of issue as may be applicable, the shares of any member may be transferred by instrument in writing in any usual or common form or any other form which the Directors may approve. The Directors may also permit title to any shares in the Company to be transferred without a written instrument where permitted by the Act subject to compliance with the requirements imposed under the relevant provisions of the Act and any additional requirements which the Directors may approve.

33. Execution of instrument of transfer

- a) The instrument of transfer of any share shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor or alternatively for and on behalf of the transferor by the Secretary (or such other persons as may be nominated by the Secretary for this purpose) on behalf of the Company, and the Company, the Secretary (or relevant nominee) shall be deemed to have been irrevocably appointed agent for the transferor of such share or shares with full power to execute, complete and deliver in the name of and on behalf of the transferor of such share or shares all such transfers of shares held by the holders in the share capital of the Company. An instrument of transfer need not be executed by the transferee save that if the share concerned (or one of more of the shares concerned) is not fully paid, the instrument shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and transferee. The transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register in respect thereof.
- b) Notwithstanding the provisions of these Articles and subject to any regulations made under section 1086 of the Act, title to any shares in the Company may also be evidenced and transferred without a written instrument in accordance with section 1086 of the Act or any regulations made thereunder whether of the State of any other jurisdiction. The Directors shall have power to permit any class of shares to be held in uncertificated form and to implement any arrangements they think fit for such evidencing and transfer which accord with such regulations and in particular shall, where appropriate, be entitled to disapply or modify all or part of the provisions in these Articles with respect to the requirement for written instruments of transfer and share certificates, in order to give effect to such regulations.
- c) The Company, may at its absolute discretion and insofar as the Act or any other applicable law permits, may, or may procure that a subsidiary of the Company shall, pay Irish stamp duty arising from the transfer of shares on behalf of the transferee of such shares of the Company. if stamp duty resulting from the transfer of shares in the Company which would otherwise be payable by the transferee is paid by the Company or any subsidiary of the Company on behalf of the transferee, then in those circumstances, the Company shall, on its behalf of its subsidiary (as the case may be), be entitled to (i) seek reimbursement of the stamp duty from the transferee, (ii) set off the stamp duty against any dividends payable to the transferee of those shares and
 - (iii) to claim a first and permanent lien on the shares on which stamp duty has been paid by the Company or its subsidiary for the amount of the stamp duty paid.

34. Refusal to register transfers

Section 95(1) of the Act shall not apply.

- a) The Directors in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefor may decline to register.-
 - (i) any transfer of a share which is not fully paid; or
 - (ii) any transfer to or by a minor or person of unsound mind;

but this shall not apply to a transfer of such a share resulting from a sale of the share through a stock exchange on which the share is listed or dealt with on any Approved Market.

- b) The Directors may decline to recognise any instrument of transfer, or any renunciation of any allotment made in respect of a share unless:-
- (i) the instrument of transfer (being a transfer which is not effected in a manner permitted by Article 33(b)) is accompanied by the certificate (if any) of the shares to which it relates and such other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer or renunciation;
 - (ii) the instrument of transfer is in respect of one class of share only;
 - (iii) the instrument of transfer is in favour of not more than four transferees; and
 - (iv) it is lodged at the Office or at such other place as the Directors may appoint.
- c) The Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares in certificated form only in such circumstances as may be permitted or required by the 1996 Regulations.
- d) The Directors may decline to register a transfer of a share where transfer of such share is restricted by agreement between the relevant holder and the Company.

35. Procedure on refusal

If the Directors refuse to register a transfer then, within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company, they shall send to the transferee notice of the refusal.

36. Closing of transfer books

The registration of transfers of shares or of transfers of any class of shares may be suspended at such times and for such periods (not exceeding thirty days in each year) as the Directors may determine.

37. Absence of registration fees

No fee shall be charged for the registration of any instrument of transfer or other document relating to or affecting the title to any share.

38. Retention of transfer instruments

The Company shall be entitled to retain any instrument of transfer which is registered, but any instrument of transfer which the Directors refuse to register shall be returned to the person lodging it when notice of the refusal is given.

39. Renunciation of allotment

Nothing in these Articles shall preclude the Directors from recognising a renunciation of the allotment of any shares by the allottee in favour of some other person.

PART VIII - TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

40. Death of a member

If a member dies the survivor or survivors where he was a joint holder, and his personal representatives where he was a sole holder or the only survivor of joint holders, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him.

41. Transmission on death or bankruptcy

A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may elect, upon such evidence being produced as the Directors may properly require, either to become the holder of the share or to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee. If he elects to become the holder he shall give notice to the Company to that effect. If he elects to have another person registered he shall execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person. All of these Articles relating to the transfer of shares shall apply to the notice or instrument of transfer as if it were an instrument of transfer executed by the member and the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred.

42. Rights before registration

A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of a member (upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share) shall have the rights to which he would be entitled if he were the holder of the share, except that, before being registered as the holder of the share, he shall not be entitled in respect of it to attend or vote at any meeting of the Company or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company, so, however, that the Directors, at any time, may give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share and, if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Directors thereupon may withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other moneys payable in respect of the share until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

PART IX - ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL

43. Increase of capital

- a) The Company from time to time by ordinary resolution may increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amount, as the resolution shall prescribe.
- b) Subject to the provisions of the Act, the new shares shall be issued to such persons, upon such terms and conditions and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto as the general meeting resolving upon the creation thereof shall direct and, if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to dividends and in the distribution of the assets of the Company and with a special, or without any, right of voting.
- c) Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these Articles, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the pre existing ordinary capital and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained with reference to calls and instalments, transfer and transmission, forfeiture, lien and otherwise.

44. Consolidation, sub-division and cancellation and reduction of capital

The Company, by ordinary resolution, may:-

- a) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount;
- b) subject to the Act, subdivide its shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount, so however that in the sub-division the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid on each reduced share shall be the same as it was in the case of the share from which the reduced share is derived (and so that the resolution whereby any share is sub-divided may determine that, as between the holders of the shares resulting from such sub-division, one or more of the shares may have, as compared with the others, any such preferred, deferred or other rights or be subject to any such restrictions as the Company has power to attach to unissued or new shares); or
- c) cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and reduce the amount of its authorised share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.
- d) reduce the nominal value of any of its shares by the deduction from them of any part of that value, subject to the crediting of the amount of the deduction to undenominated capital other than the share premium account.

45. Fractions on consolidation

Subject to the provisions of these Articles, whenever as a result of a consolidation of shares any members would become entitled to fractions of a share, the Directors may sell, on behalf of those members, the shares representing the fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable to any person and distribute the proceeds of sale in due proportion among those members, and the Directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser. The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the Shares be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.

46. Purchase of own shares

- a) Subject to and in accordance with the provisions of Part 17, Chapter 5 of the Act and without prejudice to any relevant special rights attached to any class of shares, the Company may purchase any of its own shares of any class (including redeemable shares) at any price (whether at par or above or below par), and so that any shares to be so purchased may be selected in any manner whatsoever and cancelled or held by the Company as treasury shares.
- b) Any shares purchased in accordance with paragraph (a) of this Article:
 - (i) may be cancelled by the Company in which case the provisions of Section 106 of the Act shall apply as if the shares had been cancelled on redemption; and/or
 - (ii) may be held as treasury shares; and/or
 - (iii) subject to subsections (7) and (8) of Section 109 of the Act, may be re-issued as shares of any class or classes; and
 - (iv) shall be deemed to be shares within the meaning of Article 8 and shall, subject to

and in accordance with that paragraph, be at the disposal of the Directors accordingly.

47. Reduction of capital

The Company, by special resolution, may reduce its share capital, any capital redemption reserve fund or any share premium account in any manner and with, and subject to, any incident authorised, and consent required, by law.

PART X - GENERAL MEETINGS

48. General Meetings in the State

Subject to the provisions of Section 176 of the Act, an annual general meeting of the Company or an extraordinary meeting of the Company may be held inside or outside the State.

49. Annual general meetings

The Company shall hold in each year a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meeting in that year and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it. Not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting and that of the next.

50. Extraordinary general meetings

All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.

51. Convening general meetings

The Directors may convene general meetings. Extraordinary general meetings may also be convened on such requisition, or in default may be convened by such requisitionists, and in such manner as may be provided by the Act. If at any time there are not within the State sufficient Directors capable of acting to form a quorum, any Director or any two members of the Company may convene an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which general meetings may be convened by the Directors.

52. Class meetings

All provisions of these Articles relating to general meetings of the Company shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to every separate general meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the capital of the Company, except that-

- a) the necessary quorum shall be two or more persons holding or representing by proxy at least one-third in nominal value of the issued shares of the class or, at any adjourned meeting of such holders, one holder present in person or by proxy, whatever the amount of his holding, shall be deemed to constitute a meeting; and
- b) any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll; and

- c) on a poll, each Holder of shares of the class shall have one vote in respect of every share of the class held by him.

53. Notice of general meetings

- a) Subject to Sections 181, 191 and 1098 of the Act, an annual general meeting and an extraordinary general meeting called for the passing of a special resolution shall be called by at least twenty-one Clear Days' notice and all other extraordinary general meetings shall be called by at least fourteen Clear Days' notice.
- b) Any notice convening a general meeting shall specify the time and place of the meeting and, in the case of special business, the general nature of that business and, in reasonable prominence, that a member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend, speak and vote in his place and that a proxy need not be a member of the Company. It shall also give particulars of any Directors who are to retire by rotation or otherwise at the meeting and of any persons who are recommended by the Directors for appointment or re-appointment as Directors at the meeting or in respect of whom notice has been duly given to the Company of the intention to propose them for appointment or re-appointment as Directors at the meeting. Subject to any restrictions imposed on any shares, the notice shall be given to all the members and to the Directors and the Auditors.
- c) The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at the meeting.
- d) Where, by any provision contained in the Act, extended notice is required of a resolution, the resolution shall not be effective (except where the Directors of the Company have resolved to submit it) unless notice of the intention to move it has been given to the Company not less than twenty-eight days (or such shorter period as the Act permit) before the meeting at which it is moved, and the Company shall give to the members notice of any such resolution as required by and in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

PART XI - PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

54. Quorum for general meetings

- a) No business other than the appointment of a chairman shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business. Except as provided in relation to an adjourned meeting, two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorised representative of a corporate member shall be a quorum.
- b) If such a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place, or to such time and place as the Directors may determine. If at the adjourned meeting such a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the meeting, if convened otherwise than by resolution of the Directors, shall be dissolved, but if the meeting shall have been convened by resolution of the Directors, a proxy appointed by a central securities depository entitled to be counted in a quorum present at the meeting shall be a quorum.

55. Ordinary Business and Special Business

All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an extraordinary general meeting, and also all that is transacted at an annual general meeting, with the exception of;

- a) a review of the company's affairs;
- b) declaring a dividend;
- c) the consideration of the accounts, balance sheets and the reports of the Directors and Auditors;
- d) the election of Directors in the place of those retiring by a rotation or otherwise or ceasing to hold office pursuant to PART XII of these Articles;
- e) the re-appointment of the retiring Auditors and the fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors;
- f) generally authorizing the Directors, for a period to expire no later than the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company or 15 months after the date of the resolution, to allot relevant securities, within the meaning of the Act, with a nominal value not exceeding the authorized but unissued share capital of the company;
- g) generally authorizing the Directors, for a period to expire no later than the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company or 15 months after the date of the resolution, to allot equity securities within the meaning of Section 1023 of the Act:
 - (i) pre-emptively; and/or
 - (ii) other than pre-emptively, of a character and/or with a nominal value not exceeding such percentage as is chosen by the directors;
- h) generally authorising the Directors, for a period to expire no later than the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company or 15 months after the date of the resolution, to exercise the power of the Company to make market purchases of the Company's shares.

56. Chairman of general meetings

- a) The chairman of the board of Directors or, in his absence, the deputy chairman (if any) or, in his absence, some other Director nominated by the Directors, shall preside as chairman at every general meeting of the Company. If at any general meeting none of such persons shall be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting and willing to act, the Directors present shall elect one of their number to be chairman of the meeting and, if there is only one Director present and willing to act, he shall be chairman.
- b) If at any meeting no Director is willing to act as chairman or if no Director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present (whether in person or by proxy) and entitled to vote shall choose one of the members personally present to be chairman of the meeting.

57. Directors' and Auditors' right to attend general meetings

A Director shall be entitled, notwithstanding that he is not a member, to attend and speak at any general meeting and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company.

The Auditors shall be entitled to attend any general meeting and to be heard on any part of the business of the meeting which concerns them as the Auditors.

58. Adjournment of general meetings

The Chairman, with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present, may (and if so directed by the meeting, shall) adjourn the meeting from time to time (or sine die) and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. Where a meeting is adjourned sine die, the time and place for the adjourned meeting shall be fixed by the Directors. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more or sine die, at least seven Clear Days' notice shall be given specifying the time and meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Save as aforesaid it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjourned meeting.

59. Determination of resolutions

At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless before, or on the declaration of the result of, the show of hands a poll is duly demanded. Unless a poll is so demanded a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn before the poll is taken but only with the consent of the Chairman, and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made.

60. Entitlement to demand poll

a) Subject to the provisions of the Act, a poll may be demanded:

- (i) by the chairman of the meeting;
- (ii) by at least two members present (in person or by proxy) having the right to vote at the meeting;
- (iii) by any member or members present (in person or by proxy) representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
- (iv) by a member or members present (in person or by proxy) holding shares in the Company conferring the right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right.

b) The chairman of the meeting may also demand a poll before a resolution is put to the vote on a show of hands.

61. Taking of a poll

a) Save as provided in paragraph (b) of this Article, a poll shall be taken in such manner as the Chairman directs and he may appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and fix a time

and place for declaring the result of the poll. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

- b) A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either forthwith or at such time (not being more than thirty days after the poll is demanded) and place as the chairman of the meeting may direct. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll was demanded. If a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of a show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made.
- c) No notice need be given of a poll not taken forthwith if the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded. In any other case at least seven Clear Days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken.

62. Votes of members

Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or a duly authorised representative of a corporate member. Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, on a show of hands every member shall have one vote, so, however, that no individual shall have more than one vote, and on a poll every member present in person or by proxy or a duly authorised representative of a corporate member shall have one vote for every share carrying voting rights of which he is the Holder. On a poll a member entitled to more than one vote need not use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way.

63. Chairman's casting vote

Where there is an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other vote he may have.

64. Voting by joint holders

Where there are joint holders of a share, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, in respect of such share shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders; and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names of the holders stand in the Register in respect of the share.

65. Voting by incapacitated Holders

A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction (whether in the State or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee, receiver, guardian or other person appointed by that court and any such committee, receiver, guardian or other person may vote by proxy on a show of hands or on a poll. Evidence to the satisfaction of the Directors of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be received at the Office or at such other address as is specified in accordance with these Articles for the receipt of proxy appointments, not later than the latest time specified by the Directors (subject to the requirements of the Act) and in default the right to vote shall not be exercisable.

66. Written Resolution of the Members

Subject to Section 194 of the Act, a resolution in writing signed by all of the members for the time being entitled to attend and vote on such resolution at a general meeting (or being bodies corporate by their duly authorised representatives) shall be as valid and effective for all purposes as if the resolution had been passed at a general meeting of the Company duly convened and held, and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more persons, and if described as a special resolution shall be deemed to be a special resolution within the meaning of the Act. Any such resolution shall be served on the Company.

67. Default in payment of calls

Unless the Directors otherwise determine, no member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting or any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company, either in person or by proxy, or to exercise any privilege as a member in respect of any share held by him unless all moneys then payable by him in respect of that share have been paid.

68. Restriction of voting rights

- a) If at any time the Directors shall determine that a Specified Event (as defined in paragraph (g)) shall have occurred in relation to any share or shares the Directors may serve a notice to such effect on the holder or holders thereof. Upon the service of any such notice (in these Articles referred to as a "Restriction Notice") no holder or holders of the share or shares specified in such Restriction Notice shall be entitled, for so long as such Restriction Notice shall remain in force, to attend or vote at any general meeting or either personally or by proxy.
- b) A Restriction Notice shall be cancelled by the Directors as soon as reasonably practicable, but in any event not later than forty eight hours, after the holder or holders concerned shall have remedied the default by virtue of which the Specified Event shall have occurred. A Restriction Notice shall automatically cease to have effect in respect of any share transferred upon registration of the relevant transfer provided that a Restriction Notice shall not cease to have effect in respect of any transfer where no change in the beneficial ownership of the share shall occur and for this purpose it shall be assumed that no such change has occurred where a transfer form in respect of the share is presented for registration having been stamped at a reduced rate of stamp duty by virtue of the transferor or transferee claiming to be entitled to such reduced rate as a result of the transfer being one where no beneficial interest passes.
- c) The Directors shall cause a notation to be made in the Register against the name of any holder or holders in respect of whom a Restriction Notice shall have been served indicating the number of shares specified in such Restriction Notice and shall cause such notation to be deleted upon cancellation or cesser of such Restriction Notice.
- d) Any determination of the Directors and any notice served by them pursuant to the provisions of this Article shall be conclusive as against the holder or holders of any share and the validity of any notice served by the Directors in pursuance of this Article shall not be questioned by any person.
- e) If, while any Restriction Notice shall remain in force in respect of any holder or holders of any shares, such holder or holders shall be issued with any further shares as a result of such holder or holders not renouncing any allotment of shares made to him or them pursuant to a capitalisation issue under Part XXII of these Articles, the Restriction Notice shall be deemed also to apply to such holder or holders in respect of such further shares on the same terms and conditions as were applicable to the said holder or holders immediately prior to such issue of further shares.

- f) Where a Restriction Notice is served on a central securities depository or its nominee(s) acting in its capacity as operator of a securities settlement system, the provisions of this Article shall be treated as applying only to such number of shares as is equal to the number of shares held by the central securities depository or its nominee(s) and not to any other shares held by the central securities depository or its nominee(s).
- g) For the purpose of these Articles the expression “Specified Event” in relation to any share shall mean any of the following events:
 - (i) failure by the holder or holders thereof to pay any call or instalment of a call in the manner and at the time appointed for payment thereof;
 - (ii) the failure by the holder thereof or any of the holders thereof to comply, to the satisfaction of the Directors, with all or any of the terms of Article 7 in respect of any notice or notices given to him or any of them thereunder; or
 - (iii) the failure by the holder thereof or any of the holders thereof or any other person to comply, to the satisfaction of the Directors, with the terms of any notice given to him or any of them pursuant to the provisions of Section 1062 of the Act.

69. Time for objection to voting

No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid. Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

70. Appointment of proxy

- a) Every member entitled to attend and vote at a general meeting may appoint a proxy or (subject to the following provisions) proxies to attend, speak, ask questions in relation to an item on the agenda of a general meeting and vote on his behalf provided, however, that:-
 - (i) a member may appoint more than one proxy provided that each proxy is appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by him; and
 - (ii) a member acting as an intermediary on behalf of a client in relation to shares may appoint that client or any third party designated by that client as a proxy in relation to those shares;

subject to such requirements and restrictions as the Directors may from time to time specify. The appointment of a proxy shall be in writing (in electronic form or otherwise) in any usual form or in any other form which the Directors may approve (subject to the requirements of the Act) and shall be executed by or on behalf of the appointor. The signature on such appointment need not be witnessed. A body corporate may execute a form of proxy under its common seal or under the hand of a duly authorised officer thereof or in such manner or form as may be authorised by the Directors. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.

- b) Without limiting the foregoing, in relation to any shares which are held in uncertificated form, the Directors may from time to time permit appointments of a proxy to be made by means of an electronic communication in the form of an Uncertificated Proxy Instruction, (that

is, a properly authenticated dematerialised instruction, and/or other instruction or notification, which is sent by means of the relevant system concerned and received by such participant in that system acting on behalf of the company as the Directors may prescribe, in such form and subject to such terms and conditions as may from time to time be prescribed by the Directors (subject always to the facilities and requirements of the relevant system concerned); and may in a similar manner permit supplements to, or amendments or revocations of, any such Uncertificated Proxy Instruction to be made by like means. The Directors may in addition prescribe the method of determining the time at which any such properly authenticated dematerialised instruction (and/or other instruction or notification) is to be treated as received by the Company or such participant. The Directors may treat any such Uncertificated Proxy Instruction which purports to be or is expressed to be sent on behalf of a holder of a share as sufficient evidence of the authority of the person sending that instruction to send it on behalf of that holder.

71. Bodies corporate acting by representatives at meetings

Any body corporate which is a member of the Company may, by resolution of its directors or other governing body, authorise such person or persons as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company or of any class of members of the Company, and the person(s) so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the body corporate which he represents as that body corporate could exercise if it were an individual member of the Company or, where more than one such representative is so authorised, all or any of the rights attached to the shares in respect of which he is so authorised. Where a body corporate appoints more than one representative in relation to a general meeting, each representative must be appointed to exercise the rights attached to different shares held by that body corporate. Where a member appoints more than one representative in relation to a general meeting, each representative must be appointed to exercise rights attached to a different share or shares held by the member.

72. Receipt of proxy appointment

Where the appointment of a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is executed, or a copy of such authority certified notarially or in some other way approved by the Directors is to be received by the Company:-

- a) in physical form, it shall be deposited at the Office, or at such other place or one of such other places (if any) as may be specified for that purpose in or by way of note to the notice convening the meeting or any form of proxy sent out by the Company in relation to the meeting, not later than the latest time approved by the Directors (subject to the requirements of the Act), and in default shall not be treated as valid; or
- b) in electronic form, in the manner provided for in accordance with Article 72A, provided that:-
 - (i) in the case of a meeting which is adjourned to a date which is after but less than seven days after the date of the meeting which was adjourned or in the case of a poll which is to be taken on a date which is after but less than seven days after the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the poll was demanded, it shall be sufficient if the appointment of proxy and any such authority and certification thereof as aforesaid is lodged with the Secretary at the commencement of the adjourned meeting or (as the case may be) of the taking of the poll;
 - (ii) an appointment of proxy relating to more than one meeting (including any adjournment thereof) having once been so delivered for the purposes of any meeting

shall not require to be delivered again for the purposes of any subsequent meeting to which it relates; and

- (iii) where any class of shares in the capital of the Company is held through a securities settlement system, the Directors may determine that it shall be sufficient if the appointment of a proxy and any such authority and certification thereof as aforesaid is received by the Company at such address and in such manner and time as may be specified by the Directors not being later than the commencement of the meeting, adjourned meeting or (as the case may be) of the taking of the poll.

72A Electronic Proxy

- (a) Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles, in relation to any shares, the appointment of a proxy and any authority under which it is executed (or otherwise authenticated in a manner approved by the Directors) or a copy of such authority (or the information contained therein), certified notarially or in some other way authenticated in a manner approved by the Directors may be made by electronic means (including without limitation by means of electronic communication generated and sent by members to the Company via a website for this purpose using identification numbers communicated by or on behalf of the Company to each member) in such manner or form and subject to such terms, conditions or restrictions as the Directors may, subject to and in accordance with the Act, determine or approve from time to time in their absolute discretion. The Directors may prescribe the method of determining the time at which any such appointment of a proxy is to be treated as received by the Company. The Directors may treat any such appointment which purports to be or is expressed to be sent on behalf of a member as sufficient evidence of the authority of the person sending that instruction to send it on behalf of that member.
- (b) For the purposes of these Articles, the place to which the appointment of proxy should be delivered by the member shall be such number, address (including any number or address used for the purpose of communication by way of electronic mail or other electronic communication) or identification number of a member as is notified by the Directors to the members whether by way of note to the notice convening the meeting or any invitation to appoint a proxy issued by or on behalf of the Company or otherwise.
- (c) Without limiting the foregoing, in relation to any shares which are deposited in a central securities depository, the Directors may from time to time:-
 - (i) permit appointments of a proxy to be made by means of an electronic communication (that is, a properly authenticated instruction, and/or other instruction or notification, which is sent by means of the relevant securities settlement system concerned and received by such central securities depository, in such form and subject to such terms and conditions as may from time to time be prescribed by the Directors (subject always to the facilities and requirements of the relevant securities settlement system concerned)); and may in a similar manner permit supplements to, or amendments or revocations of, any such proxy instruction to be made by like means. The Directors may in addition prescribe the method of determining the time at which any such properly authenticated instruction (and/or other instruction or notification) is to be treated as received by the Company or such central securities depository. The Directors may treat any such proxy instruction which purports to be or is expressed to be sent on behalf of a holder of a share as sufficient evidence of the authority of the person sending that instruction to send it on behalf of that holder;
 - (ii) agree with the central securities depository for such other proxy arrangements to operate, including an arrangement where the chairman of all meetings of shareholders

shall, unless otherwise directed, be the proxy for all shareholder meetings in respect of all shares deposited in such central securities depository on the basis that such chairman shall only vote as proxy in accordance with such instructions as the central securities depository may give; and

- (iii) agree with the central securities depository that where shares have been deposited in another central securities depository that proxy instructions may be given via the systems of that other central securities depository to the exclusion of the first central securities depository.

73. Effect of proxy appointments

Receipt by the Company of an appointment of proxy in respect of a meeting shall not preclude a member from attending and voting at the meeting or at any adjournment thereof. An appointment proxy shall be valid, unless the contrary is stated therein, as well for any adjournment of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates.

74. Effect of revocation of proxy or of authorisation

- a) A vote given or poll demanded in accordance with the terms of an appointment of proxy or a resolution authorising a representative to act on behalf of a body corporate shall be valid notwithstanding the death or insanity of the principal, or the revocation of the appointment of proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was appointed or of the resolution authorising the representative to act or transfer of the share in respect of which the proxy was appointed or the authorisation of the representative to act was given, provided that no intimation in writing (whether in electronic form or otherwise) of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the Company at the Office, at least one hour before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the appointment of proxy is used or at which the representative acts PROVIDED HOWEVER, that where such intimation is given in electronic form it shall have been received by the Company at least 24 hours (or such lesser time as the Directors may specify) before the commencement of the meeting.
- b) The Directors may send, at the expense of the Company, by post, electronic mail or otherwise, to the members forms for the appointment of a proxy (with or without stamped envelopes for their return) for use at any general meeting or at any class meeting, either in blank or nominating anyone or more of the Directors or any other persons in the alternative. If for the purpose of any meeting invitations to appoint as proxy a person or one of a number of persons specified in the invitations are issued at the expense of the Company, such invitations shall be issued to all (and not to some only) of the members entitled to be sent a notice of the meeting and to vote thereat by proxy, but the accidental omission to issue such invitations to, or the non- receipt of such invitations by, any member shall not invalidate the proceedings at any such meeting.

PART XII – DIRECTORS

75. Number of Directors

Unless otherwise determined by the Company in general meeting, the number of Directors shall not be more than ten nor less than two. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, provided that if the number of the Directors is reduced below the prescribed minimum the remaining Director or Directors shall appoint forthwith an additional Director or additional Directors to make up such minimum or shall convene a general meeting of the Company

for the purpose of making such appointment. If there be no Director or Directors able or willing to act then any two holders may summon a general meeting for the purpose of appointing Directors. Any additional Director so appointed shall hold office (subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles) only until the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company next following such appointment unless he is re-elected during such meeting and he shall not retire by rotation at such meeting or be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting.

76. Share qualification

A Director shall not require a share qualification.

77. Ordinary remuneration of Directors

Each Director shall be paid a fee, under the operation of the Pay As You Earn system as set out in Chapter 4, Part 42 of the Taxes Consolidation Act 1997, for the services (which shall be deemed to accrue from day to day) at such rate as may from time to time be determined by the board of Directors.

Without prejudice to any amounts payable under any other provision of these Articles, the ordinary remuneration of Directors who do not hold executive office shall not exceed in aggregate € 120,000 per annum or such higher amount as the Company may from time to time by ordinary resolution determine and shall be divisible (unless such resolution shall provide otherwise) among the Directors as they may agree, or, failing agreement, equally, except that any such Director who shall hold office for part only of the period in respect of which such remuneration is payable shall be entitled only to rank in such division for a proportion of the remuneration related to the period during which he has held office.

78. Special remuneration of Directors

Any Director who holds any executive office (including for this purpose the office of Chairman or Deputy Chairman) or who serves on any committee, or who otherwise performs services which in the opinion of the Directors are outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director, may be paid such extra remuneration by way of salary, commission or otherwise as the Directors may determine.

79. Expenses of Directors and use of Company Property

- a) The Directors may be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in connection with their attendance at meetings of Directors or committees of Directors or general meetings or separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the Company or otherwise in connection with the discharge of their duties.
- b) A Director is expressly permitted (for the purposes of section 228(1)(d) of the Act) to use the Company's property subject to such conditions as may be approved by the Board or such conditions as may have been approved pursuant to such authority as may be delegated by the Board in accordance with these Articles.

80. Alternate Directors

- a) Any Director may appoint by writing (whether in electronic form or otherwise) under his

hand any person (including another Director) to be his alternate provided always that no such appointment of a person other than a Director as an alternate shall be operative unless and until such appointment shall have been approved by resolution of the Directors. Any such authority may be sent by delivery, post, facsimile, electronic mail or any other means of communication approved by the Directors and may bear a printed, facsimile, electronic or advanced electronic signature of the Director giving such authority.

- b) An alternate Director shall be entitled, subject to his giving to the Company an address within the State or the United Kingdom, to receive notices of all meetings of the Directors and of all meetings of committees of Directors of which his appointor is a member, to attend and vote at any such meeting at which the Director appointing him is not personally present and in the absence of his appointor to exercise all the powers, rights, duties and authorities of his appointor as a Director (other than the right to appoint an alternate hereunder).
- c) Save as otherwise provided in these Articles, an alternate Director shall be deemed for all purposes to be a Director and shall alone be responsible for his own acts and defaults and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of the Director appointing him. The remuneration of any such alternate Director shall be payable out of the remuneration paid to the Director appointing him and shall consist of such portion of the last mentioned remuneration as shall be agreed between the alternate and the Director appointing him.
- d) A Director may revoke at any time the appointment of any alternate appointment by him. If a Director shall die or cease to hold the office of Director the appointment of his alternate shall thereupon cease and determine.
- e) If a Director retires by rotation or otherwise but is re-appointed or deemed to have been reappointed at the meeting at which he retires, any appointment of an alternate Director made by him which was in force immediately prior to his retirement shall continue after his re-appointment.
- f) Any appointment or revocation by a Director under this Article shall be effected by notice in writing (whether in electronic form or otherwise) given under his hand to the Secretary or deposited or received at the Office or in any other manner approved by the Directors.

PART XIII- POWERS OF DIRECTORS

81. Directors' powers

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Memorandum of Association of the Company and these Articles and to any directions by the members given by ordinary resolution, not being inconsistent with these Articles or with the Act, the business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors who may do all such acts and things and exercise all the powers of the Company as are not by the Act or by these Articles required to be done or exercised by the Company in general meeting. No alteration of the Memorandum of Association of the Company or of these Articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if that alteration had not been made or that direction had not been given. The powers given by this Article shall not be limited by any special power given to the Directors by these Articles and a meeting of Directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the Directors.

82. Power to delegate

Without prejudice to the generality of the last preceding Article, the Directors may delegate any of

their powers to any managing Director or any Director holding any other executive office and to any committee consisting of one or more Directors together with such other persons (if any) as may be appointed to such committee by the Directors provided that a majority of the members of each committee appointed by the Directors shall at all times consist of Directors and that no resolution of any such committee shall be effective unless a majority of the members of the committee present at the meeting at which it was passed are Directors. Any such delegation may be made subject to any conditions the Directors may impose, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers and may be revoked. Subject to any such conditions, the proceedings of a committee with two or more members shall be governed by the provisions of these Articles regulating the proceedings of Directors so far as they are capable of applying.

83. Appointment of attorneys

The Directors, from time to time and at any time by power of attorney under seal, may appoint any company, firm or person or fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under these Articles) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit. Any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Directors may think fit and may authorise any such attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him.

84. Local management

Without prejudice to the generality of Article 82, the Directors may establish any committees, local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company, either in the State or elsewhere, and may appoint any persons to be members of such committees, local boards or agencies and may fix their remuneration and may delegate to any committee, local board or agent any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Directors with power to sub delegate and any such appointment or delegation may be made upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Directors may think fit, and the Directors may remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary any such delegation, but no person dealing in good faith with any such committee, local board or agency, without notice of any such removal, annulment or variation shall be affected thereby.

85. Borrowing powers

The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow or raise money and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property, assets, and uncalled capital or any part thereof and subject to Part 17, Chapter 3 of the Act to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities whether outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party, without any limitation as to amount.

86. Execution of negotiable instruments

All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments and all receipts for moneys paid to the Company shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed, as the case may be, by such person or persons and in such manner as the Directors shall determine from time to time by resolution.

PART XIV - APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

87. Retirement

- a) At each annual general meeting of the Company, one-third of the Directors who are subject to retirement by rotation, or if their number is not three or a multiple of three then the number nearest to one-third, shall retire from office, but if there is only one Director who is subject to retirement by rotation then he shall retire provided that each Director shall present himself for re-election at least once every three years.
- b) The Directors (including any Directors holding executive office pursuant to these Articles) to retire by rotation shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment or reappointment but as between persons who became or were last reappointed Directors on the same day those to retire shall be determined (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) by lot.
- c) Subject to Article 91, a Director who retires at an annual general meeting may be reappointed, if willing to act. If he is not reappointed (or deemed to be reappointed pursuant to these Articles) he shall retain office until the meeting appoints someone in his place or, if it does not do so, until the end of the meeting.
- d) Nothing in these Articles shall restrict the Company from complying with the rules of the stock exchanges on which the Company is listed and/or the shares are admitted to trading on any Approved Market insofar as such rules impose mandatory requirements regarding the election and re-election of Directors.

88. Deemed reappointment

If the Company, at the meeting at which a Director retires by rotation, does not fill the vacancy then, subject to Article 89, the retiring Director, if willing to act, shall be deemed to have been reappointed, unless at the meeting it is resolved not to fill the vacancy or a resolution for the reappointment of the Director is put to the meeting and lost.

89. Eligibility for appointment

No person other than a Director retiring by rotation shall be appointed a Director at any general meeting unless (i) he is recommended by the Directors or (ii) not less than seven nor more than thirty Clear Days before the date appointed for the meeting, notice in physical form executed by a member qualified to vote at the meeting has been given to the Company of the intention to propose that person for appointment stating the particulars which would be required, if he were so appointed, to be included in the Company's register of Directors together with notice executed by that person of his willingness to be appointed.

90. Appointment of additional Directors

- a) Subject as aforesaid, the Company by ordinary resolution may appoint a person to be a Director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director and may also determine the rotation in which the additional Directors are to retire.
- b) The Directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a Director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director, provided that the appointment does not cause the number of Directors to exceed any number fixed by or in accordance with these Articles as the maximum number of Directors. A Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting and shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotation at the meeting. If not re-appointed at such annual general meeting, such Director shall vacate office at the conclusion thereof.

PART XV - DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

91. Disqualification of Directors

The office of a Director shall be vacated ipso facto if:-

- a) he is restricted or disqualified from acting as a director of any company under the provisions of Chapter 3 of Part 14 of the Act;
- b) he becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally;
- c) in the opinion of a majority of his co-Directors, he becomes incapable by reason of mental disorder of discharging his duties as a Director;
- d) (not being a Director holding for a fixed term an executive office in his capacity as a Director) he resigns his office by notice to the Company;
- e) he is convicted of an indictable offence, unless the Directors otherwise determine;
- f) he shall have been absent for more than six consecutive months without permission of the Directors from meetings of the Directors held during that period and his alternate Director (if any) shall not have attended any such meeting in his place during such period, and the Directors pass a resolution that by reason of such absence he has vacated office; or
- g) is required in writing (whether in electronic form or otherwise) by all his co-Directors to resign.

92. Removal of Directors

The Company, by ordinary resolution of which extended notice has been given in accordance with Section 396 of the Act, may remove any Director before the expiry of his period of office notwithstanding anything in these Articles or in any agreement between the Company and such Director and may, if thought fit, by ordinary resolution appoint another Director in his stead. The person appointed shall be subject to retirement at the same time as if he had become a Director on the date on which the Director in whose place he is appointed was last appointed a Director. Nothing in this Article shall be taken as depriving a person removed hereunder of compensation or damages payable to him in respect of the termination of his appointment as Director or of any appointment terminating with that of Director.

PART XVI - DIRECTORS' OFFICES AND INTERESTS

93. Executive offices

- a) The Directors may appoint one or more of their body to the office of Managing Director or Joint Managing Director or to any other executive office under the Company (including, where considered appropriate, the office of Chairman) on such terms and for such period as they may determine and, without prejudice to the terms of any contract entered into in any particular case, may revoke any such appointment at any time.

- b) A Director holding any such executive office shall receive such remuneration, whether in addition to or in substitution for his ordinary remuneration as a Director and whether by way of salary, commission, participation in profits or otherwise or partly in one way and partly in another, as the Directors may determine.
- c) The appointment of any Director to the office of Chairman or Managing Director or Joint Managing Director shall determine automatically if he ceases to be a Director but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.
- d) appointment of any Director to any other executive office shall not determine automatically if he ceases from any cause to be a Director unless the contract or resolution under which he holds office shall expressly state otherwise, in which event such determination shall be without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.
- e) A Director may hold any other office or place of profit under the Company (except that of Auditor) in conjunction with his office of Director, and may act in a professional capacity to the Company, on such terms as to remuneration and otherwise as the Directors shall arrange.

94. Directors' interests

- a) Subject to the provisions of the Act, and provided that he has disclosed to the Directors the nature and extent of any material interest of his, a Director notwithstanding his office:-
 - (i) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the Company or any subsidiary or associated company thereof or in which the Company or any subsidiary or associated company thereof is otherwise interested;
 - (ii) may be a director or other officer of, or employed by or a party to any transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate promoted by the Company or in which the Company or any subsidiary or associated company thereof is otherwise interested; and
 - (iii) shall not be accountable, by reason of his office, to the Company for any benefit which he derives from any such office or employment or from any such transaction or arrangement or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit.
 - (iv) any Director may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company, and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a Director, but nothing herein contained shall authorise a Director of his firm to act as Auditor to the Company.
 - (v) the Directors may exercise the voting power conferred by the shares in any other company held or owned by the Company or exercisable by them as Directors of such other Company in such manner in all respects as they think fit (including the exercise thereof in favour of any resolution appointing themselves or any of them as directors or other officers or servants of such company or voting or providing for the payment of remuneration to such officers or servants).

- (vi) a Director of the Company may continue or become a Director or other officer, servant or member of any company promoted by the Company or in which it may be interested as a vendor, shareholder or otherwise and no such director shall be accountable for any remuneration or other benefits derived as director or other officer, servant or member of such company.
- b) No Director or intending Director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company either as vendor, purchaser or otherwise, nor shall any such contract or any contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the other Company in which any Director shall be in any way interested be avoided nor shall any Director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the Company for any profit realised by any such contract or arrangement by reason of such Director holding that office or of the fiduciary relationship thereby established. The nature of a Director's interest must be declared by him at the meeting of the Directors at which the question of entering into the contract or arrangement is first taken into consideration, or if the Director was not at the date of that meeting interested in the proposed contract or arrangement at the next meeting of the Directors held after he became so interested, and in a case where the Director becomes interested in a contract or arrangement after it is made at the first meeting of the Directors held after he becomes so interested.
- c) A copy of every declaration made and notice given under this Article shall be entered within three days after the making or giving thereof in a book kept for this purpose. Such book shall be open for inspection without charge by any Director, Secretary, Auditor or member of the Company at the Office and shall be produced at every general meeting of the Company and at any meeting of the Directors if any Director so requests in sufficient time to enable the book to be available at the meeting.
- d) For the purposes of this Article:-
 - (i) a general notice given to the Directors that a Director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent specified in the notice in any transaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the Director has an interest in any such transaction of the nature and extent so specified; and
 - (ii) an interest of which a Director has no knowledge and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated as an interest of his.

95. Restriction on Directors' voting

- a) Save as otherwise provided by these Articles, a Director shall not vote at a meeting of the Directors or a committee of Directors on any resolution concerning a matter in which he has, directly or indirectly within the meaning of Section 220 of the Act, an interest which is material or a duty which conflicts or may conflict with the interests of the Company. A Director shall not be counted in the quorum present at a meeting in relation to any such resolution on which he is not entitled to vote. A Director shall be entitled (in the absence of some other material interest than is indicated below) to vote (and be counted in the quorum) in respect of any resolutions concerning any of the following matters, namely:-
 - (i) the giving of any security, guarantee or indemnity to him in respect of money lent by him to the Company or any of its subsidiary or associated companies or obligations incurred by him or by any other person at the request of or for the benefit of the Company or any of its subsidiary or associated companies;

- (ii) the giving of any security, guarantee or indemnity to a third party in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company or any of its subsidiary or associated companies for which he himself has assumed responsibility in whole or in part and whether alone or jointly with others under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security;
 - (iii) any proposal concerning any offer of shares or debentures or other securities of or by the Company or any of its subsidiary or associated companies for subscription, purchase or exchange in which offer he is or is to be interested as a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting thereof;
 - (iv) any proposal concerning any other company in which he is interested, directly or indirectly and whether as an officer or holder or otherwise howsoever, provided that he is not the holder of or beneficially interested in 1% or more of the issued shares of any class of such company or of the voting rights available to members of such company (or of a third company through which his interest is derived) (any such interest being deemed for the purposes of this Article to be a material interest in all circumstances;
 - (v) any proposal concerning the adoption, modification or operation of a superannuation fund or retirement benefits scheme under which he may benefit and which has been approved by or is subject to and conditional upon approval for taxation purposes by the appropriate Revenue authorities;
 - (vi) any proposal concerning the adoption, modification or operation of any scheme for enabling employees (including full time executive Directors) of the Company and/or any subsidiary thereof to acquire shares in the Company or any arrangement for the benefit of employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries under which the Director benefits or may benefit; or
 - (vii) any proposal concerning the giving of any indemnity pursuant to Article 135 or the discharge of the cost of any insurance cover purchased or maintained pursuant to Article 96.
- b) Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment (including fixing or varying the terms of appointment) of two or more Directors to offices or employments with the Company or any company in which the Company is interested, such proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each Director separately and in such case each of the Directors concerned (if not debarred from voting under sub-paragraph (b) (iv) of this Article) shall be entitled to vote (and be counted in the quorum) in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment.
- c) If a question arises at a meeting of Directors or of a committee of Directors as to the materiality of a Director's interest or as to the right of any Director to vote and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting, such question may be referred, before the conclusion of the meeting, to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to any Director other than himself shall be final and conclusive. If the interested director is the chairman, such question may be resolved by a resolution of a majority of the Directors (other than the chairman) present at the meeting at which the question first arises.
- d) For the purposes of this Article, an interest of a person who is the spouse or a minor child of a Director shall be treated as an interest of the Director and, in relation to an alternate Director, an interest of his appointor shall be treated as an interest of the alternate Director.

- e) The Company by ordinary resolution may suspend or relax the provisions of this Article to any extent or ratify any transaction not duly authorised by reason of a contravention of this Article.

96. Entitlement to grant pensions

The Directors may provide benefits, whether by way of pensions, gratuities or otherwise, for any Director, former Director or other officer or former officer of the Company or to any person who holds or has held any employment with the Company or with any body corporate which is or has been a subsidiary or associated company of the Company or a predecessor in business of the Company or of any such subsidiary or associated company and to any member of his family or any person who is or was dependent on him and may set up, establish, support, alter, maintain and continue any scheme for providing all or any such benefits and for such purposes any Director accordingly may be, become or remain a member of, or rejoin, any scheme and receive or retain for his own benefit all benefits to which he may be or become entitled thereunder. The Directors may payout of the funds of the Company any premiums, contributions or sums payable by the Company under the provisions of any such scheme in respect of any of the persons or class of persons above referred to who are or may be or become members thereof.

Subject to the provisions of Article 135, the Directors shall have the power to purchase and maintain insurance for or for the benefit of any persons who are or were at any time, directors, officers, or employees of the Company, or of any other company which is its holding company or in which the Company or such holding company has any interest whether direct or indirect or which is in any way allied to or associated with the Company, or of any subsidiary undertaking of the Company or any such other company, or who are or were at any time trustees of any pension fund in which employees of the Company, or any other company or such subsidiary undertaking are interested, including (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) insurance against any liability incurred by such persons in respect of any act or omission when in the actual or purported execution or discharge of their duties or in the exercise or purported exercise of their powers or otherwise in relation to their duties, powers or offices in relation to the Company or any such other company, subsidiary undertaking or pension fund.

PART XVII - PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

97. Convening and regulation of Directors' meetings

- a) Subject to the provisions of these Articles, the Directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit. A Director may, and the Secretary at the request of a Director shall, call a meeting of the Directors. Any Director may waive notice of any meeting and any such waiver may be retrospective. If the Directors so resolve, it shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of the Directors to any Director or alternate Director who, being a resident of the State, is for the time being absent from the State.
- b) Notice of a meeting of the Directors or any other notice require to be given to, or by, a Director shall be deemed to be duly given to a Director if it is given to him personally or by word of mouth or sent in writing by delivery, post, facsimile, electronic mail or any other means of communication approved by the Directors to him at his last known address or any other address given by him to the Company for this purpose.

98. Quorum for Directors' meetings

- a) The quorum for the transaction of the business of the Directors may be fixed by the Directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall be two Directors. A person who holds office only as an alternate Director shall, if his appointor is not present, be counted in the quorum but

notwithstanding that such person may act as alternate Director for more than one Director he shall not count as more than one for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present.

- b) The continuing Directors or a sole Director may act notwithstanding any vacancies in their number but if the number of Directors is less than the number fixed as the quorum, they may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies or of calling a general meeting.

99. Voting at Directors' meetings

- a) Questions arising at any meeting of Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes. Where there is an equality of votes, the chairman of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote.
- b) Subject as hereinafter provided, each Director present and voting shall have one vote and in addition to his own vote shall be entitled to one vote in respect of each other Director not present at the meeting who shall have authorised him in respect of such meeting to vote for such other Director in his absence. Any such authority may relate generally to all meetings of the Directors or to any specified meeting or meetings and must be in writing and may be sent by delivery, post, facsimile or electronic mail or any other means of communication approved by the Directors and may bear a printed, facsimile, electronic signature or advanced electronic signature of the Director giving such authority. The authority must be delivered to the Secretary for filing prior to or must be produced at the first meeting at which a vote is to be cast pursuant thereto provided that no Director shall be entitled to any vote at a meeting on behalf of another Director pursuant to this paragraph if the other Director shall have appointed an alternate Director and that alternate Director is present at the meeting at which the Director proposes to vote pursuant to this paragraph.

100. Telecommunication meetings

Any Director or alternate Director may participate in a meeting of the Directors or any committee of the Directors by means of conference telephone or other telecommunications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other speak and such participation in a meeting shall constitute presence in person at the meeting.

101. Chairman of the board of Directors

Subject to any appointment to the office of Chairman made pursuant to these Articles, the Directors may elect a chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, but if no such chairman is elected or if at any meeting the chairman is unwilling to act or is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same the Directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

102. Validity of acts of Directors

All acts done by any meeting of the Directors or of a committee of Directors or by any person acting as a Director, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such Director or person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified from holding office or had vacated office, shall be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a Director and had been entitled to vote.

103. Directors' resolutions or other documents in writing

A resolution or other document in writing (in electronic form or otherwise) signed (whether by electronic signature, advanced electronic signature or otherwise as approved by the Directors) by all the Directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of Directors or of a committee of Directors shall be as valid as if it had been passed at a meeting of Directors or (as the case may be) a committee of Directors duly convened and held and may consist of several documents in the like form each signed by one or more Directors, and such resolution or other document or documents when duly signed may be delivered or transmitted (unless the Directors shall otherwise determine either generally or in any specific case) by facsimile transmission, electronic mail or some other similar means of transmitting the contents of documents. A resolution or other documents signed (whether by electronic signature, advanced electronic signature or otherwise as approved by the Directors) by an alternate Director need not also be signed by his appointor and, if it is signed by a Director who has appointed an alternate Director, it need not be signed by the alternate Director in that capacity.

PART XVIII - THE SECRETARY

104. Appointment of secretary

The Secretary shall be appointed by the Directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by them. Anything required or authorised by the Act or these Articles to be done by the Secretary may be done, if the office is vacant or there is for any other reason no Secretary readily available and capable of acting, by or to any assistant or acting secretary readily available and capable of acting, by or to any officer of the Company authorised generally or specially in that behalf by the Directors: Provided that any provision of the Act or these Articles requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a Director and the Secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as a Director and as, or in the place of, the Secretary.

PART XIX - THE SEAL

105. Use of Seal

The Directors shall ensure that the Seal (including any official securities seal kept pursuant to the Act) shall be used only by the authority of the Directors or of a committee authorised by the Directors.

106. Seal for use abroad

The Company may exercise the powers conferred by the Act with regard to having an official seal for use abroad and such powers shall be vested in the Directors.

107. Signature of sealed instruments

- a) Every instrument to which the Seal shall be affixed shall be signed by a Director and shall also be signed by the Secretary or by a second Director or by some other person appointed by the Directors for the purpose save that as regards any certificates for shares or debentures or other securities of the Company the Directors may determine by resolution that such signatures or either of them shall be dispensed with, or be printed thereon or affixed thereto by some method or system of mechanical signature provided that in any such case the certificate to be sealed shall have been approved for sealing by the Secretary or by the registrar of the Company or by the Auditors or by some other person appointed by the Directors for this purpose in writing (and, for the avoidance of doubt, it is hereby declared that it shall be sufficient for approval to

be given and/or evidenced either in such manner (if any) as may be approved by or on behalf of the Directors or by having certificates initialled before sealing or by having certificates presented for sealing accompanied by a list thereof which has been initialled).

- b) For the purposes of this Article 107, any instrument in electronic form to which the seal is required to be affixed, shall be sealed by means of an advanced electronic signature based on a qualified certificate of a Director and the Secretary or of a second Director or by some other person appointed by the Directors for the purpose.

PART XX - DIVIDENDS AND RESERVES

108. Declaration of dividends

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company by ordinary resolution may declare dividends in accordance with the respective rights of the members, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Directors.

109. Interim and fixed dividends

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may declare and pay interim dividends if it appears to them that they are justified by the profits of the Company available for distribution. If the share capital is divided into different classes, the Directors may declare and pay interim dividends on shares which confer deferred or non-preferred rights with regard to dividend as well as on shares which confer preferential rights with regard to dividend, but subject always to any restrictions for the time being in force (whether under these Articles, under the terms of issue of any shares or under any agreement to which the Company is a party, or otherwise) relating to the application, or the priority of application, of the Company's profits available for distribution or to the declaration or as the case may be the payment of dividends by the Company. Subject as aforesaid, the Directors may also pay at intervals settled by them any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment. Provided the Directors act in good faith they shall not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferred rights.

110. Payment of dividends

- a) Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to shares, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the shares on which the dividend is paid. Subject as aforesaid, all dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date, such share shall rank for dividend accordingly. For the purposes of this Article, no amount paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated as paid on a share.
- b) If several persons are registered as joint holders of any share, anyone of them may give effectual receipts for any dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of the share.
- c) The Directors may, at their discretion, make arrangements to enable a central securities depository (or its nominee(s)) or any such other holder or holders as the Directors shall from time to time determine to receive duly declared dividends in any currency or currencies other than the currency in which such dividends are declared. For the purposes of the calculation

of the amount receivable in respect of any dividend, the rate of exchange to be used to determine the equivalent in any such other currency of any sum payable as a dividend shall be such rate or rates, and the payment thereof shall be on such terms and conditions, as the Directors may in their absolute discretion determine.

111. Deductions from dividends

The Directors may deduct from any dividend or other moneys payable to any member in respect of a share any moneys presently payable by him to the Company in respect of that share.

112. Dividends in specie

A general meeting declaring a dividend may direct, upon the recommendation of the Directors, that it shall be satisfied wholly or partly by the distribution of assets (and, in particular, of paid up shares, debentures or debenture stock of any other company or in any one or more of such ways) and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution. Where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, the Directors may settle the same as they think expedient and in particular may issue fractional certificates and fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof in order to adjust the rights of all the parties and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed.

113. Dividend Payment Mechanism

- a) Any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of any share may be paid by cheque or warrant sent by post to the registered address of the holder or, where there are joint holders, to the registered address of the first named on the Register or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent, or to such person as the holder or joint holders or other person entitled thereto may in writing direct, and payment of the cheque or warrant shall be a good discharge to the Company. Any joint holder or other person jointly entitled to A Deferred Share as aforesaid may give receipts for any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of the share. Any such dividend or other distribution may also be paid by any other method (including payment in a currency other than euro, electronic funds transfer, direct debit, bank transfer or by means of a relevant system) which the Directors consider appropriate and any member who elects for such method of payment shall be deemed to have accepted all of the risks inherent therein. The debiting of the Company's account in respect of the relevant amount shall be evidence of good discharge of the Company's obligations in respect of any payment made by any such methods.
- b) In respect of shares in uncertificated form, where the Company is authorised to do so by or on behalf of the holder or joint holders in such manner as the Company shall from time to time consider sufficient, the Company may also pay any such dividend, interest or other moneys by means of the relevant system concerned (subject always to the facilities and requirements of that relevant system). Every such payment made by means of the relevant system shall be made in such manner as may be consistent with the facilities and requirements of the relevant system concerned. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, in respect of shares in uncertificated form, such payment may include the sending by the Company or by any person on its behalf of an instruction to the Operator of the relevant system to credit the cash memorandum account of the holder or jointholders.

114. Dividends not to bear interest

No dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share shall bear interest against the Company

unless otherwise provided by the rights attached to the share.

115. Payment to holders on a particular date

Any resolution declaring a dividend on shares of any class, whether a resolution of the Company in general meeting or a resolution of the Directors, may specify that the same may be payable to the persons registered as the holders of such shares at the close of business on a particular date, notwithstanding that it may be a date prior to that on which the resolution is passed, and thereupon the dividend shall be payable to them in accordance with their respective holdings so registered, but without prejudice to the rights inter se of transferors and transferees of any such shares in respect of such dividend. The provisions of this Article shall apply, mutatis mutandis, to capitalisations to be effected in pursuance of these Articles. Any dividend, interest or other sum payable which remains unclaimed for one year after having been declared may be invested or otherwise made use of by the Directors for the benefit of the Company until claimed.

116. Unclaimed dividends

If the Directors so resolve, any dividend which has remained unclaimed for twelve years from the date of its declaration shall be forfeited and cease to remain owing by the Company. The payment by the Directors of any unclaimed dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share into a separate account shall not constitute the Company a trustee in respect thereof.

117. Reserves

Before recommending any dividend, whether preferential or otherwise, the Directors may carry to reserve out of the profits of the Company such sums as they think proper. All sums standing to reserve may be applied from time to time in the discretion of the Directors for any purpose to which the profits of the Company may be properly applied and at the like discretion may be either employed in the business of the Company or invested in such investments as the Directors may lawfully determine. The Directors may divide the reserve into such special funds as they think fit and may consolidate into one fund any special funds or any parts of any special funds into which the reserve may have been divided as they may lawfully determine. Any sum which the Directors may carry to reserve out of the unrealised profits of the Company shall not be mixed with any reserve to which profits available for distribution have been carried. The Directors may also carry forward, without placing the same to reserve, any profits which they may think it prudent not to divide.

PART XXI – ACCOUNTS

118. Accounts

- a) The Directors shall cause to be kept proper books of account, whether in the form of documents, electronic form or otherwise, in accordance with the Act. Books of account shall be kept on a continuous and consistent basis and entries therein shall be made in a timely manner and be consistent from year to year. Proper books of account shall not be deemed to be kept if there are not kept such books of account as are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs and to explain its transactions.
- b) The books of account shall be kept at the Office or, subject to the provisions of the Act, at such other place as the Directors think fit and shall be open at all reasonable times to the inspection of the Directors.

- c) The Directors shall determine from time to time whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of members, not being Directors. No member (not being a director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by the Act or authorised by the Directors or by the Company in general meeting.
- d) In accordance with the provisions of the Act, the Directors shall cause to be prepared and to be laid before the annual general meeting of the Company from time to time such statutory financial statements of the Company and reports as are required by the Act to be prepared and laid before such meeting.
- e) In addition to sending these documents to such other persons as may be required by the Act to receive them, the Directors shall not less than twenty one Clear Days before the date of the annual general meeting send by post, electronic mail or such other means of electronic communications approved by the Director to every member either:
 - (i) a copy of such statutory financial statements of the Company and reports as are required by the Act to be laid before the Annual General Meeting of the company; or
 - (ii) summary financial statements prepared in accordance with section 1119 of the Act, provided:
 - (A) that in the case of the documents sent by electronic mail or such other means of electronic communications approved by the Directors, such documents shall be made available during normal business hours to the recipient(s) for a period of not less than 21 days from the date of communication or notification, or, if later, until the conclusion of any general meeting to which the documents relate, in printed form and free of charge in sufficient numbers to satisfy demand from the recipient(s) at the Company's registered office in Ireland and the offices of any paying agent of the Company in Ireland;
 - (B) that this Article shall not require a copy of such documents to be sent to more than one of joint holders, or to any person of whose address the Company is not aware, but any member or holder of debentures to whom a copy of such documents has not been sent shall be entitled to receive a copy free of charge on application at the office. The required number of copies of these documents shall be forwarded at the same time to the appropriate sections of the Stock Exchanges; and
 - (C) where the directors elect to send summary financial statements to the members, any member may request that he be sent a copy of the statutory financial statements of the Company and the Company shall also make available the requisite number of copies of these documents as required by law and the rules of the stock exchanges on which the Company is listed and/or the shares are admitted to trading on any Approved Market.
- f) Auditors shall be appointed and their duties regulated in accordance with the Act.

PART XXII - CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS OR RESERVES

119. Capitalisation of distributable profits and reserves

- a) Without prejudice to any powers conferred on the Directors by these Articles, the Company in general meeting may resolve, upon the recommendation of the Directors, that any sum for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserves (including any capital redemption reserve fund or share premium account or an undenominated capital) or to the credit of the profit and loss account be capitalised and applied on behalf of the members who would have been entitled to receive that sum if it had been distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions either in or towards paying up amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by them respectively, or in paying up in full unissued shares or debentures of the Company of a nominal amount equal to the sum capitalised (such shares or debentures to be allotted and distributed credited as fully paid up to and amongst such holders in the proportions aforesaid) or partly in one way and partly in another, so, however, that the only purposes for which sums standing to the credit of the capital redemption reserve fund or the share premium account or any undenominated capital shall be applied shall be those permitted by the Act.
- b) The Directors may from time to time at their discretion, subject to the approval of the members by ordinary resolution passed at any general meeting of the Company and provided that an adequate number of unissued Ordinary Shares are available for the purpose, offer to holders of the Ordinary Shares the right to elect to receive an allotment of additional Ordinary Shares, credited as fully paid, in cash in respect of all or part of any dividend or dividends as are specified by such resolution or part of such dividend or dividends as the Directors may determine. In any such case the following provisions shall apply:
- (i) The basis of allotment shall be determined by the Directors so that, as nearly as may be considered convenient in the Directors' absolute discretion, the value (calculated by reference to the average quotation) of the additional Ordinary Shares (excluding any fractional entitlement) to be allotted in lieu of any amount of dividend shall equal such amount. For such purpose the "average quotation" of an Ordinary Share shall be the average of the five amounts resulting from determining whichever of the following (A), (B) or (C) specified below) in respect of Ordinary Shares shall be appropriate for each of the first five business days on which Ordinary Shares are quoted "ex" the relevant dividend and as determined from the information published by the London Stock Exchange reporting the business done on each of these five business days:-
- (A) if there shall be more than one dealing reported for the day, the average of the prices at which such dealings took place; or
- (B) if there shall be only one dealing reported for the day, the price at which such dealing took place; or
- (C) if there shall not be any dealing reported for the day, the average of the closing bid and offer prices for the day;

and if there shall be only a bid (but not an offer) or an offer (but not a bid) price reported, or if there shall not be any bid or offer price reported, for any particular day then that day shall not count as one of the said five business days for the purposes of determining the average quotation. If the means of providing the foregoing information as to dealings and prices by reference to which the average quotation is to be determined is altered or is replaced by some other means, then the average quotation shall be determined on the basis of the equivalent information published by the relevant authority in relation to dealings on the Alternative Investment Market operated by the London Stock Exchange or its equivalent.

- (ii) The Directors shall give notice in writing (whether in electronic form or otherwise) to the of Ordinary Holders of the right of election offered to them and shall send with or following such notice forms of election and specify the procedure to be followed and the place at which, and the latest date and time by which, duly completed forms of election must be lodged in order to be effective. The Directors may also issue forms under which holders may elect in advance to receive new Ordinary Shares instead of dividends in respect of future dividends not yet declared (and, therefore, in respect of which the basis of allotment shall not yet have been determined).
- (iii) The dividend (or that part of the dividend in respect of which a right of election has been offered) shall not be payable on Ordinary Shares in respect of which the right of election as aforesaid has been duly exercised (the "Subject Ordinary Shares") and in lieu thereof additional Ordinary Shares (but not any fraction of a Share) shall be allotted to the holders of the Subject Ordinary Shares on the basis of allotment determined aforesaid and for such purpose the Directors shall capitalise, out of such of the sums standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserves (including any capital redemption reserve fund or share premium account) or to the credit of the profit and loss account as the Directors may determine, a sum equal to the aggregate nominal amount of additional Ordinary Shares to be allotted on such basis and apply the same in paying up in full the appropriate number of unissued Ordinary Shares for allotment and distribution to and amongst the holders of the Subject Ordinary Shares on such basis.
- c) The additional Ordinary Shares so allotted shall rank *pari passu* in all respects with the fully paid Ordinary Shares then in issue save only as regards participation in the relevant dividend or share election in lieu.
- d) The Directors may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any such capitalisation with full power to the Directors to make such provisions as they think fit where shares would otherwise have been distributable in fractions (including provisions whereby, in whole or in part, fractional entitlements are disregarded and the benefit of fractional entitlements accrues to the Company rather than to the holders concerned). The Directors may authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the Holders interested into an agreement with the Company providing for such capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.
- e) The Directors may on any occasion determine that rights of election shall not be offered to any Ordinary Holders who are citizens or residents of any territory where the making or publication of an offer of rights of election or any exercise of rights of election or any purported acceptance of the same would or might be unlawful, and in such event the provisions aforesaid shall be read and construed subject to such determination.

120. Capitalisation of non-distributable profits and reserves

Without prejudice to any powers conferred on the Directors as aforesaid, the Company in general meeting may resolve, on the recommendation of the Directors, that it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts or to the credit of the profit and loss account which is not available for distribution by applying such sum in paying up in full unissued shares to be allotted as fully paid bonus shares to those members of the Company who would have been entitled to that sum if it were distributable and had been distributed by way of dividend (and in the same proportions) and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution.

121. Implementation of capitalisation issues

Whenever such a resolution is passed in pursuance of either of the two immediately preceding Articles the Directors shall make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares or debentures, if any, and generally shall do all acts and things required to give effect thereto with full power to the Directors to make such provisions as they shall think fit for the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions (and, in particular, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, either to disregard such fractions or to sell the shares or debentures represented by such fractions and distribute the net proceeds of such sale to and for the benefit of the Company or to and for the benefit of the members otherwise entitled to such fractions in due proportions) and to authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members concerned into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid up, of any further shares or debentures to which they may become entitled on such capitalisation or, as the case may require, for the payment up by the application thereto of their respective proportions of the profits resolved to be capitalised of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares and any agreement made under such authority shall be binding on all such members.

PART XXIII –NOTICES

122. Notices in writing

Any notice to be given, served or delivered pursuant to these Articles shall be in writing (whether in electronic form or otherwise).

123. Service of notices

- a) Any communication or document or information (in this Article and Article 124 in anyone or more cases, a “Notice”) (including without limitation, the annual report and accounts and any notice of general meeting) may be given by the Company to any member:
 - (i) personally; or
 - (ii) by sending it by post to or leaving it by hand or courier at his registered address; or
 - (iii) (except a share certificate) by sending it by electronic mail to an address notified by a member in writing; or
 - (iv) (except a share certificate) by displaying it on a website, the address of which shall be notified to a holder in writing or by sending it by electronic mail; or
 - (v) by sending the same via (i) the messaging system of a central securities depository or (ii) by email to the nominated representatives or nominated email account(s) of a central securities depository, in such manner as may be approved by the Directors.
- b) Where at any time a Notice is given personally or is left at the registered address of the member, it shall be deemed to have been given and delivered at that time.
- c) Where a Notice is sent by post, the Notice shall be deemed to be given and delivered 24 hours after a properly addressed postage-prepaid envelope containing the Notice to the member is posted to the member.
- d) Where a Notice (other than a share certificate) is sent by electronic mail pursuant to sub-

paragraph (a) (iii) it shall be deemed to be given and delivered at the time it was sent.

- e) Where a Notice (other than a share certificate) is displayed on a website pursuant to subparagraph (a) (iv) it shall be deemed to have been given and delivered when the recipient received (or is deemed to have received) notification of the fact that the Notice was available on the website, in accordance with this Article and Article 124.
- f) Where a Notice (other than a share certificate) is given, served or delivered pursuant to subparagraph (a)(v) of this Article, the giving, service or delivery thereof shall be deemed to have been effected:
 - (i) At the time the same was sent to the messaging system of the central securities depository; or
 - (ii) If sent by email to the nominated representative or nominated email account(s) of the central securities depository, at the time it was sent.
- g) All Notices shall be deemed signed where an electronic signature or the facsimile of a signature appears or the name of a signatory is stated with the words "Signed" before that name or otherwise that it is obvious from the Notice that a named person is to be considered a signatory.
- h) A Notice may be given by the Company to the joint holders of a share by giving the notice to the joint holder first named in the Register in respect of the Share.
- i) The signature to any notice to be given by the Company may be written or printed.
- j) A member present, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the Company or the holders of any class of shares in the Company shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and, where requisite, of the purposes for which it was called.
- k) Notwithstanding any other provision of these Articles, whenever any person (including without limitation the Company, a Director, the Secretary, any officer of the Company, a member or any other person) is required or permitted by these Articles or otherwise to give or receive information in writing, such information may be given or received in electronic form, whether as an electronic communication or otherwise in such manner or form and subject to such restrictions as the Directors shall determine from time to time in their absolute discretion and subject to the following provisions of this Article.
- l) Subject to Article 123(m) below, the manner or form (including any relevant restrictions) of or relating to electronic communication between the Company, the Directors, the Secretary, the officers of the Company, the members or any other person shall be governed by such terms and conditions of electronic communication as may be made by the Directors at any time and from time to time. The Directors may at any time supplement, vary or revoke any such terms and conditions.
- m) The Company and its Directors, Secretary or officers shall not be compelled to receive or to send electronic communications or information in electronic form under these Articles or otherwise until such time as the Directors shall have advised (pursuant to any terms and conditions of electronic communication or otherwise) the recipient or giver, as the case may be, in writing of the manner, form and restrictions (if any) by which such information may be sent or received.

- n) The terms and conditions of electronic communication issued by the Directors pursuant to this Article may include, without limitation, provisions designed to:
 - (i) ensure the security of electronic communication;
 - (ii) establish and authenticate the identity of the giver or recipient, as the case may be, of the information;
 - (iii) record the consent of the giver or recipient, as the case may be, of the information by electronic means or in electronic form; and
 - (iv) prescribe the method of determining the date and time at which any electronic communication is to be treated as sent or received.
- o) For the avoidance of doubt, any giver or recipient of information who has notified the Company in writing of his election to give or receive information in electronic form whether as an electronic communication or otherwise may at any time, by notice given in accordance with the terms and conditions of electronic communication issued by the Directors, elect to give or receive the information in any one of the other forms permitted by these Articles.
- p) An electronic communication shall not be treated as received by the Company if it is rejected by computer virus protection arrangements.
- q) Nothing in the preceding provisions of this Article 123 shall affect any requirement of the Act or any other laws that a particular offer, notice or other document be served in any particular manner.

124. Notice Displayed on a Website

- a) A notification to a member of the publication of Notice on a website pursuant to paragraph (e) of Article 123 shall state:
 - (i) the fact of the publication of the Notice of a website;
 - (ii) the address of that website;
 - (iii) where necessary, the place on that website where the Notice may be accessed, and how it may be accessed; and
 - (iv) in the case of a notice of a general meeting of shareholders or clause of shareholders:
 - (A) that it concerns a notice of a meeting served in accordance with the Articles or by order of a Court, as the case may be;
 - (B) the place, date and time of the meeting;
 - (C) whether the meeting is to be an annual general meeting or extraordinary general meeting; and

- (D) the address of any other website (if such is the case) where procedures as to voting are state or facilitated.
- b) The Notice shall be published on that website, in the case of a notice of meeting, throughout the period beginning with the giving of that notification and ending with the conclusion of the meeting, and in any other case for a period of not less than one month from the date of the notification.
- c) This Article shall be treated as being complied with, and, in the case of a meeting, nothing in this Article shall invalidate the proceedings of a meeting whether:
 - (i) any Notice that is required to be published as mentioned in 124(b) is published for a part, but not all, of the period mentioned in that paragraph; and
 - (ii) the failure to publish that Notice throughout that period is attributable to circumstances which it would not be reasonable to have expected the Company to prevent or avoid, such a system, telecommunications or power outages.
- d) The appointment of a proxy may, subject to the Directors so approving such appointment in the case of any particular meeting, notwithstanding any other provision of these Articles, be contained in an electronic communication:
 - (i) in a form specified by the Directors from time to time;
 - (ii) executed with such electronic signature as may be specified by the Directors from time to time; and
 - (iii) sent to such address as may be notified by the Directors for that purpose from time to time;
 - (iv) and provided that the Directors shall not be obliged so to approve in any particular case.
- e) The provisions of these Articles as to Notices shall, by virtue of section 31 of the Act, be and be deemed to be an agreement to which section 338(5) of the Act refers, such that each member agrees and is deemed to agree to the member's having access to the documents referred to in section 338 of the Act on a website, instead of their being sent in hard copy to the member.

125. Service on transfer or transmission of shares

- a) Every person who becomes entitled to a share shall before his name is entered in the Register in respect of the share, be bound by any notice in respect of that share which has been duly given to a person from whom he derives his title provided that the provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any notice served under Article 69 unless, it is a notice which continues to have effect notwithstanding the registration of a transfer of the shares to which it relates.
- b) Without prejudice to the provisions of these Articles allowing a meeting to be convened by newspaper advertisement a notice may be given by the Company to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member by sending or delivering it, in any manner authorised by these Articles for the giving of notice to a member, addressed

to them at the address, if any, supplied by them for that purpose. Until such an address has been supplied, a notice may be given in any manner in which it might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred.

126. Signature to notices

The signature (whether electronic signature, an advanced electronic signature or otherwise) to any notice to be given by the Company may be written (in electronic form or otherwise) or printed.

127. Deemed receipt of notices

A member present, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the Company or the Holders of any class of shares in the Company shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and, where requisite, of the purposes for which it was called.

PART XXIV - WINDING UP

128. Distribution on winding up

If the Company shall be wound up and the assets available for distribution among the members as such shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid up or credited as paid up share capital, such assets shall be distributed so that, as nearly as may be, the losses shall be borne by the members in proportion to the capital paid up or credited as paid up at the commencement of the winding up on the shares held by them respectively. And if in a winding up the assets available for distribution among the members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the share capital paid up or credited as paid up at the commencement of the winding up; the excess shall be distributed among the members in proportion to the capital at the commencement of the winding up paid up or credited as paid up on the said shares held by them respectively. Provided that this Article shall not affect the rights of the holders of shares issued upon special terms and conditions.

129. Sale by a liquidator

- a) In case of a sale by the liquidator under Section 601 of the Act; the liquidator may by the contract of sale agree so as to bind all the members for the allotment to the members direct of the proceeds of sale in proportion to their respective interests in the Company and may further by the contract limit a time at the expiration of which obligations or shares not accepted or required to be sold shall be deemed to have been irrevocably refused and be at the disposal of the Company, but so that nothing herein contained shall be taken to diminish; prejudice or affect the rights of dissenting members conferred by the said Section.
- b) The power of sale of the liquidator shall include a power to sell wholly or partially for debentures, debenture stock, or other obligations of another company, either then already constituted or about to be constituted for the purpose of carrying out the sale.

130. Distribution in specie

If the Company is wound up, the liquidator, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Act; may divide among the members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company (whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not), and, for such purpose, may value any assets and determine how the division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator, with the like sanction, may vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the

benefit of the contributories as, with the like sanction, he determines, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any assets upon which there is a liability.

PART XXV – MISCELLANEOUS

131. Minutes of meetings

The Directors shall cause minutes to be made of the following matters, namely:-

- a) of all appointments of officers and committees made by the Directors and of their salary or remuneration;
- b) of the names of Directors present at every meeting of the Directors and of the names of any Directors and of all other members thereof present at every meeting of any committee appointed by the Directors; and
- c) of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Company and of the holders of any class of shares in the Company and of the Directors and of committees appointed by the Directors.

Any such minute as aforesaid, if purporting to be signed by the Chairman of the meeting at which the proceedings were had, or by the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting, shall be receivable as prima facie evidence of the matter stated in such minute without any further proof.

132. Inspection and secrecy

The Directors shall determine from time to time whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of members, not being Directors, and no member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by the Act or authorised by the Directors or by the Company in general meeting. No member shall be entitled to require discovery of or any information respecting any detail of the Company's trading, or any matter which is or may be in the nature of a trade secret, mystery of trade, or secret process which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and which in the opinion of the Directors it would be inexpedient in the interests of the members of the Company to communicate to the public.

133. Destruction of records

The Company shall be entitled to destroy all instruments of transfer which have been registered at any time after the expiration of six years from the date of registration thereof, all notifications of change of address howsoever received at any time after the expiration of two years from the date of recording thereof and all share certificates and dividend mandates which have been cancelled or ceased to have effect at any time after the expiration of one year from the date of such cancellation or cessation. It shall be presumed conclusively in favour of the Company that every entry in the Register purporting to have been made on the basis of an instrument of transfer or other document so destroyed was duly and properly made and every instrument duly and properly registered and every share certificate so destroyed was a valid and effective document duly and properly cancelled and every other document hereinbefore mentioned so destroyed was a valid and effective document in accordance with the recorded particulars thereof in the books or records of the Company. Provided always that:-

- a) the provision aforesaid shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without notice of any claim (regardless of the parties thereto) to which the document might be relevant;
- b) nothing herein contained shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any document earlier than as aforesaid or in any other circumstances which would not attach to the Company in the absence of this Article; and
- c) references herein to the destruction of any document include references to the disposal thereof in any manner.

134. Untraced holders

- a) The Company shall be entitled to sell at the best price reasonably obtainable any share of a holder or any share to which a person is entitled by transmission if and provided that-
 - (i) for a period of twelve years no cheque or warrant sent by the Company through the post in a pre-paid letter addressed to the holder or to the person entitled by transmission to the share at his address on the Register or the other last known address given by the holder or the person entitled by transmission to which cheques and warrants are to be sent has been cashed and no communication has been received by the Company from the holder or the person entitled by transmission (provided that during such twelve year period at least three dividends shall have become payable in respect of such share);
 - (ii) at the expiration of the said period of twelve years by advertisement in a national daily newspaper published in the State (and a national daily newspaper published in the United Kingdom) and in a newspaper circulating in the area in which the address referred to in sub-paragraph (a)(i) of this Article is located the Company has given notice of its intention to sell such share;
 - (iii) during the further period of three months after the date of the advertisement and prior to the exercise of the power of sale the Company has not received any communication from the holder or person entitled by transmission; and
 - (iv) the Company has first given notice in writing to the London Stock Exchange of its intention to sell such shares.
- b) To give effect to any such sale the Company may appoint any person to execute as transferor an instrument of transfer of such share and such instrument of transfer shall be as effective as if it had been executed by the holder or the person entitled by the transmission to such share. The transferee shall be entered in the Register as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase moneys nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.
- c) The Company shall account to the holder or other person entitled to such share for the net proceeds of such sale by carrying all moneys in respect thereof to a separate account which shall be a permanent debt of the Company and the Company shall be deemed to be a debtor and not a trustee in respect thereof for such holder or other person. Moneys carried to such separate account may be either employed in the business of the Company or invested in such investments as the Directors may think fit, from time to time.

- d) Where a share, which is to be sold as provided in this Part XXIV, is held in uncertificated form, the Directors may authorise some person to do all that is necessary under the 1996 Regulations to change such share into certificated form prior to its sale under this Article 134.

135. Indemnity

Subject to the provisions of and so far as may be admitted by the Act, every Director, Managing Director, Auditor, Secretary or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified by the Company against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him in the execution and discharge of his duties or in relation thereto including any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, civil or criminal, which relate to anything done or omitted or alleged to have been done or omitted by him as an officer or employee of the Company and in which judgment is given in his favour (or the proceedings are otherwise disposed of without any finding or admission of any material breach of duty on his part) or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under any statute for relief from liability in respect of any such act or omission in which relief is granted to him by the Court.